The Sydney Morning Herald.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. Sydney, £2 per annum; Country, £2 10s.; 10 ₩ ct. discount for payment in advance. | VOL. XXVI. | THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20. 1849. | No. 3851 | CASH TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS. For one inch and under, 3s.; and 1s. for every additional inch for each insertion.

STEAM TO THE HUNTER, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 6 P.M., every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 10 P.M.

N.B.—The Thistle *will be laid up for repairs for a short time; there will, consequently, until further notice, be no boat for the Hunter on Tuesdays and Fridays.*

JAMES PATERSON, Secretary.
H.R.S.N. Co.'s Wharf. 4855

FOR PORT MACQUARIE.

THE Packet Schooner MARY ANN, having arrived, will leave the Union Wharf on Saturday next, 22nd instant, at three o'clock in the afternoon. For freight or passage apply to the Master, on board; or, to

WILLIAM DALTON,
4816 Prince-street.

FOR THE MANNING RIVER.

THE fast-sailing ketch EMMA, to sail this day, 20th instant, from Cunningham's Wharf. For freight or passage apply to the master on board, or to

T. LINEHAN,
4860 14, Market-street.

FOR MORETON BAY DIRECT.
A REGULAR TRADER.

THE fast and favourite schooner CHAMPION, Collas, master, of the burthen of 80 tons, having the principal part of her cargo engaged, will sail positively on Tuesday next, the 25th instant. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to

JOHN MORRIS.
Albion Wharf, bottom of Market-street.
September 19. 4873

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.
ON HER FIRST VOYAGE,

THE fine clipper barque FAVOURITE, 203 tons register, John Steele, commander, having nearly three-fourths of her cargo engaged, and now going on board, is expected to sail on Saturday, the 23rd instant. For freight or passage apply to Captain Steele, on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or, to

BUYERS AND LOCHHEAD,
Harrington-street.
Intending passengers are invited to inspect the accommodations of this fine vessel. 4792

FIRST AND ONLY VESSEL FOR ADELAIDE.

THE well-known packet Brig WILD IRISH GIRL, 170 tons, —— Stanes, Commander.

This vessel is now receiving cargo, and will sail on *Tuesday next.* She has room for only a few tons of freight, for which early application is necessary. The accommodations for passengers are very superior. Apply to

JOHN MACNAMARA,
4890 Queen-street.

FOR ADELAIDE DIRECT.

THE NOTED CLIPPER PHANTOM, 268 tons, Henry T. Fox, Commander, daily expected, will sail ten days after arrival. For freight or passage, having superior accommodation, with splendid stern cabin for ladies, apply to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
4861 Packet Office, 470, George-street.

FIRST VESSEL FOR AUCKLAND DIRECT.

THE well-known brig LOUIS AND MIRIAM, 127 tons register, Pilfold, master, having the principal part of her cargo engaged will have quick despatch.

For passage or freight, having superior accommodation, apply on board, at Campbell's Wharf; to

MOSES JOSEPH;
OR, TO
SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
4861 Packet Office, 470, George-street.

FOR OTAGO DIRECT.
(TO SAIL ON FRIDAY MORNING.)

THE well-known packet Brig MAID OF ERIN, 170 tons, William Heslop, Commander.

This vessel has room for a few tons of light freight and passengers. Apply immediately, on board, at the Queen's Wharf; or, to

JOHN MACNAMARA,
4890 Queen-street.

FOR PORT NICHOLSON.

THE fine barque PROMISE. George Hoseason, commander, will sail for the above port this day, Thursday, the 20th September. All goods intended for this vessel must be alongside by two o'clock, this day, or they will be too late.

For freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or to

R. M. ROBEY,
4803 427, George-street.

TO SHIPPERS OF HORSES TO CALIFORNIA.
FOR
ST. FRANCISCO DIRECT.

THE fine new ship CHASELEY, 515 tons, C. F. Aldrich, commander.

The above vessel being under "charter" to sail 1st of October, will be despatched on that day.

For cabin or intermediate passage apply to

J. B. METCALFE;
Or
R. TOWNS,
At the Wharf.
Sydney, August 28. 3458

FOR CALIFORNIA DIRECT,
TO SAIL ON THE FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER,

THE FINE SHIP DUKE OF ROXBURGH, A1, 500 tons, G. P. Collard, commander, has only a few berths disengaged, and will positively sail as above. Immediate application is necessary, to Captain Collard, on board, at Towns' Wharf; to

J. B. METCALFE; or,
R. TOWNS.
September 15. 4552

FOR CALIFORNIA,
TOUCHING AT THE SANDWICH ISLANDS.

THE A1 clipper schooner SARAH ANN, 184 tons, will sail for the above ports, and having a large portion of freight and passengers already engaged, will meet with immediate despatch.

For freight or passage apply to

JOHN RUSSELL, at
Mr. R. T. FORD'S,
Bridge-street;
Or,
ON BOARD.
September 13. 4530

FOR CALIFORNIA.

THE fine A1 barque GLOUCESTER, 400 tons burthen, Captain Tardiff, will sail for the above port in all September. For freight or passage apply to the commander, on board, at the Circular Wharf; to

MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO.,
Or to
GRIFFITHS, FANNING, AND CO.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
FOR CABIN PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE fine new clipper-brig ENCHANTRESS, 180 tons, George Banks, commander: having all her cargo engaged, will sail on or before the 30th instant. This vessel has very comfortable and superior accommodations, and will take only TEN passengers with their freight: thus insuring that comfort and advantage which a crowded vessel cannot. Immediate application is necessary, on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or, to

R. T. FORD,
8, Bridge-street.
Monday, September 10.

Mr. F. Pritchard, one of the owners, will proceed in the above vessel 4788

FOR CALIFORNIA.

THE first-class AMERICAN ship HARRISON, 371 tons, A. D. Sherman, master, will sail for San Francisco on the 5th October.

As this vessel will only take a limited number of passengers, and the greater portion of her freight is engaged, immediate application is necessary, to

S. WILKINSON, JUN.,
Macquarie-place.

Shippers are reminded of the advantages enjoyed by AMERICAN vessels in the ports of the United States. 4892

FOR SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT,
NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

THE MARIA, 500 tons register, F. W. Plank, commander, will sail on or about the 17th October.

Parties intending to proceed to San Francisco will do well to await making their arrangements until they have an opportunity of inspecting the accommodations of the Maria. The vessel will be at the Queen's Wharf in a few days; she has only *sixteen berths disengaged*, for which early application is necessary. There is no vessel on the berth for the

GOLD COUNTRY

that has such accommodations or such a scale of provisions as the Maria. Apply to

JOHN MACNAMARA,
4889 Queen-street.

FOR CALIFORNIA.

THE fine A1 river-built ship LADY CLARKE, 500 tons, Murdoch M'Lean, Commander.

This fine ship has a very lofty, spacious, and exceedingly well-ventilated 'tween decks, and will be fitted for intermediate and steerage passengers upon the most approved principle. The comfort and privacy of families and single females will be especially cared for. A liberal scale of the best provisions will be handed to each passenger at the time of engaging, to which will be added an ample supply of medical comforts for the voyage. The cabin accommodations of the Lady Clarke are of the very first order, and the Surgeon is a gentleman of high standing and great experience.

For freight or passage apply to

MACKINTOSH AND HIRST,
Queen's-place.
Or, to
SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
4875 470, George-street.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT,
CHARTERED TO SAIL 15TH OCTOBER NEXT.

THE fine fast-sailing ship VICTORIA, 800 tons, John Carphin, commander. Two-thirds of the passengers and freight for the above ship being already *bona fide* engaged, early application will be necessary to ensure a passage by her.

Freight will be taken at a moderate rate.

For freight or passage apply to

CAPTAIN CARPHIN; or,
Mr. C. S. DEACON,
on board, at the Circular Quay; or to
THORNTON AND CHURCH,
4877 Custom House.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE A1 British-built barque WEST INDIAN, 328 tons register, Robert Mills, commander. This vessel has good accommodation for passengers, and having a considerable portion of her cargo engaged, will meet with quick despatch.

For freight or passage apply to Captain Mills, on board; to

GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER;
or, to
FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.
July 20. 1185

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE fast-sailing A1 British-built barque VICTORY, 548 tons register, S. Pickes, commander. This vessel has shipped a large portion of her homeward cargo at Melbourne, and is under engagement to sail early in October. The cabin accommodations are of a superior description, and if a sufficient number of passengers offer she will carry a surgeon. For freight or passage, apply to

ROBERT HOW,
or to
4638 GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE first-class new clipper barque EMPRESS, 405 tons, R. H. Goble, commander, is now receiving cargo at Campbell's Wharf, and will have quick despatch.

Has superior accommodations for passengers.

For freight or passage apply on board, to

BROWN AND CO.; or, to
4506 LYALL, SCOTT, AND CO.

FOR LONDON.

THE fine first class ship MARY CATHERINE, 345 tons, Isaac Warner, commander, has the greater part of her cargo engaged, and will meet with immediate despatch. For freight or passage apply to the captain, on board; to

L. AND S. SAMUEL, or
3688 J. B. METCALFE.

FOR PASSENGERS FOR LONDON,

THE first-class passenger ship WATERLOO, Captain Nearby, 900 tons, expected here about the 10th of November, will sail for London about the 10th of January next. Plans of her accommodations may be seen, on application to

SMITH, CAMPBELL, AND CO.,
Agents.
September 19. 4806

SCHOONER CHEERFUL.

THE passengers for California by the schooner CHEERFUL Are requested to meet, on *board the schooner*, this morning, at eleven o'clock. 4908

FOR LONDON.

THE fast sailing first-class regular trader GANGES, 430 tons register, H. B. Blanshard, Commander, will have quick despatch. Apply to

FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.;
or to
4880 GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.

LONDON ALLIANCE FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned are instructe by the Directors of the above Company to announce to the public a reduction of 2s. 6d. per cent. upon the rates of premium hitherto charged.

The rates, therefore, will now be as under.

FIRST-CLASS RISKS.

	Per ct. per ann. s. d.
Buildings constructed of brick or stone according to the Building Act, covered with slate, tile, or metal, and detached or separated, so as not to be affected by their contiguity to any other Buildings	7 6
Buildings constructed, and covered as above, but joined to other Buildings not being of a hazardous nature, and not of inferior construction	10 0
Buildings constructed, and covered as above, but adjoining to shingled or other Buildings of inferior construction........	12 6

If hazardous goods be deposited in any of the above named Buildings, 2s. 6d. per cent. per annum extra to be charged.

SECOND-CLASS RISKS.

	Per ct. per ann. s. d.
Buildings constructed of brick or stone, according to the Building Act, and covered with shingles, but detached or separated so as not to be affected by their contiguity to any other Buildings	12 6
Buildings constructed and covered as above, but joined to others of a similar or not inferior construction....	15 0

If hazardous Goods be deposited in any of the Buildings named in this class, 5s. per cent. per annum extra to be charged.

THIRD-CLASS RISKS.

	Per ct. per ann; s. d.
Buildings of stud work, or brick-nogged, and covered with slate, tile, or metal, but separated by a proper space from, so as not to be affected by any other Building......	17 6
Buildings constructed as above, but joined to other Buildings of a superior class, with proper party walls between	20 0

If hazardous Goods be deposited in any of the Buildings named in this class, 5s. per cent. per annum extra to be charged.

Goods not hazardous will be insured at the same rate as the Buildings in which they are deposited.

MEM.—Houses properly built of stone or brick, and covered with slates or shingles, but sufficiently detached or separated by proper party walls from other Buildings, will be deemed, according to circumstances, as 1st and 2nd Class Risks, though not in all respects in conformity with the Building Act.

Certain risks of the above description, and to which the foregoing scale may not be distinctly applicable, will be subject to special arrangement, according to the particular circumstances of each case.

HAZARDOUS GOODS.

Such as Cotton, Flax, Hemp, Oil, Rosin, Saltpetre, Spirits, Pitch, Tar, and Turpentine, &c.

Rates for short period Assurances, as follows:—

Not exceeding three months, one half of the annual premium

Exceeding three, and not exceeding six months, three quarters of the annual premium.

Exceeding six months, the full annual rate.

THACKER AND CO.,
6224 Fort-street.

SYDNEY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Chairman, T. W. Smart, Esq.
Deputy Chairman, Charles Kemp, Esq.
DIRECTORS.
Thomas Agars, Esq. | R. M. Robey, Esq.
Thos. Holt, Jun., Esq. | W. R. Scott, Esq.
Surveyor—James Hume, Esq.
Secretary—George King, Esq.

The Directors of the Sydney Fire Insurance Company call the attention of the Public to the following reduced Scale of their Rates of Premium:—

SECTION A.—Slated buildings, 6s. to 12s. per cent.

SECTION B.—Shingled buildings, 8s. to 18s. per cent.

SECTION C.— Weather-boarded buildings, 15s. to 30s. per cent.

With a Return Premium of FIFTY PER CENT. upon the renewal of all Annual Policies.

Application for Insurance to be made to the Secretary, at the Office of the Company, No. 397, Pitt-street.

GEORGE KING,
4909 Secretary.

SYDNEY BRANCH
OF
IMPERIAL FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LONDON.

THE undersigned grant Policies at the reduced rates.

GRIFFITHS, FANNING, AND CO.
Agents.
Spring-street. 5877

TO DENTISTS.

AN Invoice containing an excellent apparatus for filing down mineral teeth quickly and accurately. Superfine plaster teeth, stopping gold, tools, and dental instruments. The above are not yet unpacked, and are of the very best description, and ordered expressly by the late Mr. J. Waddell, dentist, of Hobart Town, for his own use. All letters must be addressed to Mrs. J. WADDELL, Davy-street, Hobart Town, and post-paid. 3287

DISEASES OF THE RECTUM, BLADDER, &c.

A NEW and successful mode of treatment, whereby diseases of the Rectum and Urinary Organs are cured with ease and safety, without cutting, caustic, or confinement.

Dr. BAYES, of Albermarle-street, late surgeon to the West London Dispensary, St. Paul's Hospital, member of the Sydney and Adelaide Medical Boards, &c., &c., may be consulted daily, at No. 5, Bridge-street, for the cure of Strictures and Obstructions of the Urethra, Prostrate Gland, and neck of the Bladder, Spermatorrhœa, loss of power, nervous diseases, &c.

Diseases of women and children.

Consulted on Sundays, from 10 till 2.

No. 5, Bridge-street, Sydney.
September 17. 4865

SYDNEY FEMALE REFUGE SOCIETY,
ANNUAL MEETING.

THE First Annual Meeting of the Sydney Female Refuge Society, will be held in the Infant School Room, Castlereagh-street, on Tuesday evening next, the 25th September instant, at seven o'clock precisely.

His Honor the Chief Justice has kindly consented to take the chair.

The attendance of ladies, and of all persons interested in the reclaiming of unfortunate females, is respectfully invited.

By order of the Committee of Management,

JAMES B. LAUGHTON,
4716 Secretary.

TO IRON FOUNDERS AND CARPENTERS.

A RAILING and a Pair of Gates are required for the Dwarf Wall, now erecting in front of the Benevolent Asylum.

Persons willing to furnish the same of IRON or WOOD are requested to forward tenders (addressed to the Secretary at the Asylum), which will be received until twelve o'clock on Tuesday next.

The tenderers must state the amount for the GATES and RAILING SEPARATELY.

The Contractor for building the Wall is bound to fix the railing and, the hooks for the gates.

Plans and Specifications may be seen upon application to Mr. Bibb, at his Office, Macquarie-street, on and after Friday next.

GEORGE ALLEN,
Secretary.
Sydney, September 19. 4361

LODGE OF AUSTRALIA.
No. 548.

A MEETING of emergency of the above lodge will be held at the Lodge Room, Saracen's Head Inn, King and Sussex streets, This Evening, at half-past seven o'clock, for dispatch of business.

By order of the W. M.

J. ELLIOTT,
Secretary.
September 20. 4894

FRIENDLY SOCIETY OF LICENSED VICTUALLERS.

A DINNER, to celebrate the FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF THIS SOCIETY, will take place at Entwisle's Hotel, York-street, on Thursday, October 4th, 1849.

Tickets, Fifteen Shillings each, can be obtained at the Committee Rooms of the Society, Skinner's Hotel, George-street; from Mr. Hooper, King's Head, George-street; Mr. James Chapman, Marine Hotel, George-street; Mr. Carse, Hunter River Inn, Sussex-street; Mr. John Barnett, Barley Mow Inn, Park-street; Mr. J. G. Waller, Wine Merchant, George-street; and at

ENTWISLE'S HOTEL, YORK-STREET. 4593

MORETON BAY AGENCY.

MESSRS. A. J. and H. HOCKINGS, South Brisbane, Moreton Bay, beg to inform the merchants of Sydney that they are prepared to receive merchandise for sale on commission at their extensive premises, as above.

Every information may be obtained from the undersigned, at the residence of Mr. Thomas Hockings, Gas Company's Wharf.

A. J. HOCKINGS.
Sydney, September 19. 4884

TO THE WOOL GROWERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

THE freight of wool per schooner Mary Ann, from Port Macquarie to Sydney, for the forthcoming season, will be seven shillings and sixpence per bale; and freight from Sydney twenty shillings per ton.

4902 W. DALTON.

CALIFORNIA.

A CORRECT ADMIRALTY CHART, with all the soundings and headlands, bearings, &c., of California, may be had at

GROCOTT'S,
486, George-street.

Captains of ships may rely on the above chart being correct, as it was surveyed by Captain Beechy, R.N. 4918

NOTICE.
THE RE-OPENING OF BARKER'S STORE, EAST MAITLAND, (LATE CRAIG'S.)

THE inhabitants of East Maitland, and the surrounding districts, are hereby informed that the Store formerly occupied by Mr. James Barker, and lately by Mr. G. D. Craig, will be re-opened during the first week in October by the undersigned.

The stock will consist of every article suitable for a country store, comprising drapery, grocery, ironmongery, saddlery, &c., &c., which (having been selected with great care and purchased at the lowest prices), will be offered to the public upon such terms as will insure their continual favours.

Wheat, Maize, Hay, and every other kind of colonial produce purchased, and the highest market price.

D. H. STONHAM,
4682 East Maitland.

ROBINSON AND PEARSON,
HAIR CUTTERS, AND PERFUMERS, 406, GEORGE-STREET,

IN returning thanks for the patronage they have individually hitherto received in the above business, beg leave respectfully to inform the ladies and gentlemen of the colony, that having entered into partnership they will be enabled to carry on the business of perfumers and ornamental hair manufacturers in all its branches, and at prices which will defy competition; they therefore appeal to the public for a continuance of that support towards the present firm, which they so amply received individually.

Warm baths ready at all hours.

Hair cutting, sixpence. 4702

FUNERALS.

JOHN HILL, Jun., grateful for the distinguished patronage with which he has been honoured during a period of ten years, and in the hope of applying, in future, his strict and personal attendance, together with his complete stock of (modern) suitable requisites, takes this opportunity of soliciting the continuance of its consideration. His friends and the public generally, especially those residing in the immediate neighbourhood of Riley Estate and Darlinghurst, he begs to inform them, that he has removed his residence and workshops from Elizabeth street to No. 2, William-street, Woolloomooloo Bridge; business also continues at No. 107, King-street, Sydney, where all applications will be received and punctually attended to.

4711 JOHN HILL, JUN.

PIANOFORTES
TUNED, REPAIRED, AND REGULATED,
BY H. MARSHALL,
FOURTEEN YEARS WITH BROADWOOD AND SONS, OF LONDON,

H. M. begs to inform the gentry and public generally of New South Wales, that he has taken premises in Barrack-street, next door to the new Savings' Bank, where all orders relative to Pianofortes will be attended to, and executed in the best possible manner.

H. M. flatters himself that with his intimate knowledge of the business he cannot fail to give satisfaction to all who may favour him with their patronage.

N.B.—Pianofortes bought or sold on commission. 4862

EXHIBITION AT THE ROYAL HOTEL.
ART UNION OF SPLENDID PAINTINGS, AND CHOICE ENGRAVINGS, OPEN DAILY, FROM 11 TILL 4.

MR. STEVENS respectfully begs to announce, that there will be 200 prizes, the principal subjects of which are The Game and Fruit Stall, value 150 Guineas; The Beggar's Petition, 100 Guineas; The Pet Dog, Affection, 100 Guineas; The Lily, 100 Guineas; The Broken Pitcher, 60 Guineas; The Fruit Girl of Versailles, 50 Guineas; Italian Boy with Hurdy Gurdy, 45 Guineas; An English Peasant Boy selling May, 40 Guineas; and the remainder of the Oil Paintings and Engravings to the amount of 1200 Guineas.

Six Hundred Numbers £2 2s. each, persons desirous of becoming Subscribers are requested to apply to Mr. Stevens, who attends in the room; all Subscribers to be free of the exhibition.

All Subscriptions to be paid previous to the Drawing of the Prizes, or they will be forfeited.

Admission, One Shilling; Catalogues, Three-pence. 4133

REDUCED FROM £1 1s. TO 14s.

PLUNKETT'S AUSTRALIAN MAGISTRATE, a Guide to the Duties of a Justice of the Peace, with numerous forms; also an Appendix, containing the Rules and Regulations relating to the Crown Lands, the new Jury Act, the Laws of Landlord and Tenant, with the Tenements Act, and Act for Facilitating the Granting of Leases, and the Recovery of Small Debts Act. New edition, by Edwin Suttor, Esq., Barrister at Law. 8vo. cloth.

The undersigned respectfully desires to inform the Australian public, that he has bought the entire interest and stock of the above publication, which he has decided on offering for sale at the lowest price consistent with profit. It is almost unnecessary to remark that the utility of the work is conclusively established from the fact of the rapid sale of the whole of the very large impression of the first edition; indeed every individual connected with the colony by property, whether Settler, Banker, Merchant, or Trader, should be in possession of a copy.

W. R. PIDDINGTON,
Bookseller, Stationer, and Bookbinder,
485, George-street.
Directly opposite the Barrack Gate. 5565

CALIFORNIA.
SULPHATE OF QUININE.

THE undersigned has on sale, 50 oz. of Pellitier's Sulphate of Quinine.

D. SKINNER,
4684 275, Castlereagh-street South.

ASTONISHING CURES,
EFFECTED BY
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT,
ARE NOW OCCURRING IN NEW SOUTH WALES.

CURE OF SCROFULA.

January 1, 1849.

THIS is to certify, that my daughter, Matilda Alcorn, aged 7 years, has been afflicted for the last three years with Scrofula, and after having been attended by several respectable practitioners, without success, I was induced to try Holloway's Medicines, which, after a continuance of about three months, *completely restored her to health.* This can be verified by numerous persons in this vicinity, where I have been residing for the last twenty-two years.

R. ALCORN,
Jerry's Plains.
Mr. Pinhey, Chemist, West Maitland.

RECENT CURE OF DISEASED LIVER.

To Mr. J. K. HEYDON,

SIR,—About eighteen months since, I was dangerously attacked with a liver complaint, for which I consulted the two medical men of the district, but derived no benefit from either of them; in fact I was so bad, that one of them told me "he could see no hopes of my recovery," and gave me up. I was afterwards advised to try Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which I did, and after the continued use of them for seven weeks, (according to the directions accompanying the medicines,) I am now entirely cured; and for the benefit of those that may be similarly affected I have great pleasure in giving it publicity.—I am, Sir, your obedient servant.

WILLIAM RODGERS.
Ravensworth, Hunter's River,
January 17, 1849.

CURE OF THIRTY-FIVE ULCERS.

Molong, September 21, 1848.

To Mr. J. K HEYDON,

SIR,—I owe a debt of gratitude to Professor Holloway, for my almost miraculous cure, after seven years of suffering, caused by exposure to wet and cold, and the undue use of mercurial medicines. When I first commenced to use the Pills and Ointment, I had thirty-five ulcers on my body, and a constant head-ache, and pains all over me. My throat had got so affected that I was obliged at last to live entirely on gruel. Having spent upwards of two hundred pounds in medicines and medical advice to no purpose, except that of making me worse, I tried Holloway's Pills and Ointment, by means of which and the blessing of God, I am now in the enjoyment of excellent health. My feeling for others similarly circumstanced, as well as my gratitude to Mr. Holloway, compel me to send this communication.—I am, sir, your obedient servant,

JEREMIAH REED.

P.S.—I am at present in the employment of Messrs. Syers, Brothers, Meadows, near Wellington.

ANOTHER CASE OF LIVER COMPLAINT.

Campbelltown, April 11, 1848.

To Mr. J. K. HEYDON,

SIR,—I feel it a duty incumbent on me to let the public at large know the wonderful cure that has been performed on me by the effects of Holloway's Medicine. I have for the last six months been afflicted with the liver complaint, and was at last compelled to take to my bed in a very low state, so bad that I did not think I would ever rise in health again. After trying medical aid and finding no relief, I was advised by Mr. William Bursill to try the medicine afore-named, which I did, and after one or two doses of Holloway's Pills, and rubbing in the Ointment, I found great relief, and by strictly following the rules laid down by Mr. Holloway, and using his Pills and Ointment for six weeks, I find myself in the enjoyment of as good health as I ever possessed in my life. The truth of this statement is incontestible, as there is not one of my neighbours but could testify the same.

I remain, &c.,
ROBERT ELKINS,
Blacksmith.

These truly invaluable Pills can be obtained at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, near Temple Bar, London; and of

J. K. HEYDON,
Wholesale Agent,
78, King-street, Sydney.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder, are affixed to each box.

SUB-AGENTS IN SYDNEY.

Mrs. Marshfield, Tobacconist, opposite Wright's Brewery, George-street.
Mr. Allder, chemist, Parramatta-street.
Mr Cleary, boot and shoemaker, King-street East.
Mr. M. Dalton, grocer, 3, Campbell-street. 2316

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MRS. M. PHILLIPS, late of Verandah House, George-street, begs to inform her customers and the public in general, that she has removed to No 115, King-street, three doors from Pitt-street, where she intends carrying on the Drapery and Haberdashery Business. 4927

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MRS. KEANE begs to return her grateful thanks to the ladies of Sydney and its vicinity, for the kind patronage they have honoured her with since her commencement in business, and begs to acquaint them that she has removed to 89 King-street, opposite Mr. Stubbs' Auction Mart, where she will open, This Day, Wednesday, with an entire new stock of the newest fashions, by the latest arrivals from London and Paris, consisting of—

Ladies' Tuscan, rice, Rutland, fancy straw, pearl, Dunstable, and Luton bonnets
Children's ditto ditto, all sizes
Gents' Tuscan, Leghorn, and Dunstable hats
Boys' and youths' ditto ditto ditto
Four cases cap flowers
Two cases bonnet ditto
Three cases real French ditto, in sprigs, wreaths, droops, &c., &c.
One case orange blossom, lily of the valley, and jessamin
Two cases satin and gauze cap ribbon, French
One case mourning and half mourning ditto
One case striped, checked and shaded, for children's use
One case rich French fancy satin, sarsnet, and gauze bonnet ribbon, newest styles
One case ditto white figured satin and sarsnet ditto
One case ditto figured black, watered, and half mourning ditto
Four cases whole Dunstable plait
Two cases improved ditto ditto
Two cases Tuscan ditto ditto, assorted widths

Ladies can have any shape bonnet or hat made to order on the shortest notice.

Gents.' Tuscan and Dunstable hats made to order.

Bonnets and hats cleaned and altered to the newest style.

Wanted, an Apprentice to the Bonnet business. Hours of attendance from 8 o'clock A.M. to 6 o'clock P.M. A premium required. 4896

G. CHISHOLM

CALLS the attention of parties EMIGRATING TO CALIFORNIA, to his immense stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Consisting of Colonial Tweed Coats, Trousers, and Vests, likewise English made goods, of every name and quality, and at a much lower price than usually sold

A large stock of white and coloured SHIRTS at a very low price. 3492

NEW SPRING DRESSES.

JOHNSON and WEIGHT have just opened a few cases of superior designs in summer dresses, in

De Laines
Muslin
Barege
Balzorine, &c.
Also,

One case of small pattern De Laines, for children.

CORDEN HOUSE,
4842 277 and 279, Pitt-street.

FOR ONE POUND TEN SHILLINGS.

WARRANTED Brass-bound Dressing Cases, containing pair of razors, scissors, tweezers, nail file, soap dish, brushes, comb, razor strops, &c.

FOR SIX POUNDS TEN SHILLINGS.

Gold Horizontal Watches, carefully finished in double backed, engine turned, or engraved cases, jewelled in four holes, going barrel to continue the action while winding.

Ditto in silver cases, £3 5s.

These elegant little watches will be found to perform very correctly and a written warranty is given with each; they will receive any attention required without extra charge.

FOR FOUR POUNDS TEN SHILLINGS.

Silver Patent Lever Watches, in double backed engine-turned cases, capped and jewelled, detached escapement, maintaining power, and all the latest improvements.

Ditto in gold cases, £12 12s.

These superior watches are of English manufacture, a written warranty is given, and 12 months' trial allowed.

A large assortment of ladies' and gentlemen's fine gold chains, rings, brooches, lockets, &c., &c., at equally low prices.

OBSERVE—
D. DAVIS,
475, George-street.

N.B.—Every description of English and Foreign Watches, Clocks, &c., carefully cleaned and repaired at LONDON PRICES. 3887

AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY.
NITRATE OF SODA.

THE undersigned has a few casks of the above manure on hand.

The effects of it may be seen on the estate of W. A. Crawford, Esq., Newtown, who has used a considerable quantity of it.

GEORGE REES,
Macquarie-place.
September 20. 4872

ON SALE AT THE STORES OF THE UNDERSIGNED—

Wool packs, wool bagging
Hemp and tow three-bushel bags
Canvas, assorted numbers
Invoices hats, hair seating
Curled horse-hair, cutlery
Hardware, blister steel
Hysonskin tea, York hams
Pampanga and Zebu sugars
Roping and seaming twine
Kent hops, 1848; sheathing metal and nails
Europe rope, assorted sizes
Hoop iron, ditto ditto, rivets
Invoice of looking glasses
Crown window glass
Sheet lead, assorted sizes
Prime mess pork
Teneriffe wine, in hogsheads and quarter-casks
Sherry ditto, in pipes, hogsheads, and quarter-casks
Port ditto, in hogsheads
Claret, in three dozen cases.

SMITH, BROTHERS, AND CO.,
4629 Sussex-street.

FLAX AND WOOL LASHING.

A FEW coils of WOOL LASHING and FLAX, now landing ex Maid of Erin, on sale by

JOHN MACNAMARA,
4931 Queen-street.

FLOUR IN BARRELS.

FOR SALE, 100 barrels fine Van Diemen's Land Flour, suitable for ships' stores.

SMITH, CAMPBELL, AND CO.
September 20. 4888

TO AGENTS OF SHIPS LAID ON FOR CALIFORNIA.

THE undersigned can supply all the Small Stores required for passengers and crews of vessels proceeding to California at low rates.

Vinegar, one shilling per gallon
Marine Soap, Lime Juice
Preserved Potatoes, Gelatine
Preserved Meats and Soups, Sugars, and All descriptions of Medical Comforts.

S. ELLIOTT, Shipping Depôt,
Lower George-street.
September 19. 4893

JUST LANDED, EX LADY CLARKE

CHIMNEY GLASSES, in gold frames
Cheval and dressing glasses, of every size
Prints and oil paintings, in gold and fancy wood frames
A great variety of spectacles, in steel, plated, and silver frames, at very low prices
Marine and land barometers, cheaper than at any other house in Sydney.

ALSO,

A small assortment of elegant Jewellery—gold silver lever and vertical watches, pocket compasses, French accordions, ladies' work boxes, gentlemen's dressing glasses, gold and silver chains and guards, ear-rings, brooches, lockets, &c.

JULIAN CETTA,
Carver and Gilder,
George-street, opposite Royal Hotel.

Frames made to order and in any style; old frames regilt, looking glasses resilvered; the trade supplied with plate looking glasses 6 x 4, 8s. per dozen, 5 x 7, 10s. per dozen, round front polished, 5 x 7, 14s., 6 x 8, 18s. per dozen, glaziers' plate and crown diamonds. 4797

LEECHES.

EDWARD THOMPSON AND CO.,
Hunter-street.
September 19. 4867

CALIFORNIA!

CHAMPAGNE
Case Brandy
Cape Wine
Taylor's, Whitbread's, and Swinburne's London brown stout
Arrowroot
Mauritius sugar
Export Tobacco
Kyongee Segars
No. 2 Manila's

HENRY FISHER,
City Depôt,
480, George-street.
August 30. 3534

WOOLPACKS.

WOOLPACKS for sale, at the Stores of the undersigned—

W. HINDSON,
3904 2, Macquarie-place.

TAYLOR'S BROWN STOUT.

JUST LANDED, a few hogsheads, the only lot ready for delivery. On sale, at the

City Depôt,
HENRY FISHER'S,
George-street,
Opposite Barrack Gate.
September 17. 4640

ON SALE.—BASS'S No. 3 Burton Ale, October brewing.

10026 THACKER AND CO.

ON SALE at the Stores of the undersigned—

To close consignments, at reduced prices, DRAUGHT ALE, warranted sound.

ABRAM BRIERLEY,
Sussex-street.
August 25. 3268

TO CAPTAINS OF VESSELS AND PASSENGERS BOUND TO CALIFORNIA.

THE undersigned will put on board vessels, "FREE of DUTY," BRANDY, HOLLANDS, RUM, &c., on the shortest notice.

300 Dozen of BASS' ALE, in 3 dozen casks, price 8s. per dozen (no breakage)

I. O. GLANHAM,
561, George-street,
4537 Next to Mr. S. Lyons' Auction Mart.

ALLSOPP'S ALE.—For Sale, at the Stores of the undersigned,—

Allsopp's No. 3 Ale, brewed in October, 1848
Allsopp's Bottled Ale, in 3 dozen casks

403 LYALL, SCOTT, AND CO.

ELEME RAISINS.

100 BOXES fresh Eleme Raisins, just received, and on sale at

JOHN STIRLING'S,
4746 559, George-street.

BISCUIT, 1st and 2nd quality, for sale, at reduced prices, at the Mills of Messrs. THOMAS BARKER AND Co. 4713

ROCK SALT in large lumps, fo sale by

ROBERT COVENY,
3609 102, Market-street.

COARSE LIVERPOOL SALT,
For Sale by
ROBERT COVENY,
3608 102, Market-street.

PRIVATE Families, Hotel and Eating-house Keepers, Commanders of Ships, and Dealers, can be supplied in any quantity with prime HOBART TOWN POTATOES, at the

City Depôt,
George-street,
Opposite the Barrack Gate,
HENRY FISHER'S.
September 17. 4641

FAMILY MOULD CANDLES.

MANUFACTURED expressly for family use, and packed in boxes of 25 lbs. each, to be had of the grocers generally, at 7d. per pound, or wholesale, of

W. B. ALLEN,
Sussex-street.

P. S.—W. B. A. solicits a trial of these beautiful goods—he considers them the finest and cheapest Candles in the market. 1081

A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR A RESPECTABLE COUPLE.
COMING-IN VERY MODERATE.

FOR SALE, the license, bar-fittings, and good-will of a PUBLIC-HOUSE, doing a snug and sure business, and situated in one of the leading entrances into Sydney; the rent very moderate, and the present landlord (who is proprietor of the premises) has carried on the trade for the last five years, and established a respectable connexion, and his reason for retiring from business, and other particulars, can be explained by calling on

W. G. MOORE,
4765 Auctioneer, Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street

TO BE SOLD CHEAP, a complete set of Shop Fixtures, formerly belonging to a jeweller's shop. Also, a patent shower bath, with curtains and force pump complete, and furniture of every description, at R. APPLETON'S Furniture Bazaar, corner of Pitt and Park streets.

A female servant wanted. 4871

VICTORIA-TERRACE, DARLING HARBOUR.

FOR SALE, 50 feet of land, fronting Victoria-terrace, and adjoining Mr. Talbot's houses. A beautiful site for a marine residence. Apply to

MESSRS CAMPBELL, AND CO.
Campbell's Wharf, September 19. 4870

FOR SALE OR TO LET, two houses in M'Leay-street, Woolloomooloo, one a grocer's shop, and the other a bake-house with oven complete, and back premises. Apply to THOMAS BAKER, Woolloomooloo Inn. 4805

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAL.

SEPTEMBER 19.—Champion, schooner, 54 tons, Captain Collas, from Moreton Bay the 14th instant. Passengers—Mrs. Dudley and three children, Mr. Moon, and Mr. Hockings.

CLEARANCE.

September 19.—Diana, brig, 103 tons, Captain Peake, for Melbourne. Passengers—Mrs. Blundell and three children, Mr. and Mrs. Coulton, Mr. Ellis, Mr. Hanlin, Mr. and Mrs. Wylie and child, Messrs. Movely, Williams, Richardson, Smith, Hobson, Gunter, Morrice, Fret, and Thompson.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

THIS DAY.—Diana, for Melbourne; Ebenezer, for California.

TO-MORROW.—Diana and Lady Amherst, for London; Nautilus, for Launceston; Promise, for Port Nicholson.

COASTERS INWARDS.

September 19.—Emma, 22, Smith, from Newcastle, with 26 tons coals; Mary Jane, 32, Kelly, from Newcastle, with 42 tons coals; Traveller's Bride, 30, Milham, from Newcastle, with 40 tons coals; Newport Packet, 12, Woodward, from Brisbane Water, with 280 bushels shells; Ariel, 14, Foster, from Brisbane Water, with 400 bushels shells; Maitland, steamer, 103, Parsons, from Morpeth, with 19 bales sheepskins, 30 bags flour, 12 pigs.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

September 19.—Phœnix, steamer, 108, Wiseman, for the Clarence River, with sundries; Rose, steamer, 172, Pattison, for Morpeth, with sundries; Matilda, 16, Baxter, for Port Aitken, in ballast; Ariel, 14, Foster; Victory, 19, Fisher; and Newport Packet, 10, Allen, for Brisbane Water, with sundries; Clara, 49, Porritt, for Lake Macquarie, in ballast; Traveller's Bride, 30, Milham; Mary Jane, 32, Kelly; and Emma, 22, Smith, for Newcastle, in ballast.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will be closed at the Post Office as follow:—

FOR LONDON.—By the Diana and Lady Amherst, this evening, at six.

FOR LAUNCESTON.—By the Nautilus, this evening, at six.

FOR CALIFORNIA.—By the Ebenezer, this day, at noon.

FOR PORT NICHOLSON.—By the Promise, this evening, at six.

LAUNCH.—A fine new brigantine of 86 tons builders' measurement, was launched yesterday morning from the building yard of Mr. Samuel Charles, at Pyrmont. A number of persons had assembled to witness the ceremony, and a prettier launch, we think, never took place in the colony. As the vessel glided off the stocks she was christened by the eldest daughter of the owner (Mr. Thomas Smith) the "Sea Gull." Her length of keel is 57 feet; length on deck, 67 feet; breadth of beam, 18 feet 2 inches; depth of hold, 7 feet 2 inches. The Sea Gull is built after the model of the barque Phœnician, which arrived in this harbour a few weeks since from England, and to all appearances will prove a fast sailing vessel. Her draught of water when loaded is not expected to exceed seven feet. She is coppered and copper-fastened, and no expense has been spared in making her a substantial and well built craft. She will proceed from this port to California, with a party of about twenty gentlemen, including the owner, and will be ready for sea in about four weeks. She has a spacious after-cabin, considering the size of the vessel, fitted up with twelve berths, and a fore-cabin with a similar number. Captain Napper, formerly of the brig Alfred, has been appointed to the command. The party proceeding in the vessel freight her themselves, and will share the profits of their labours during the time they purpose remaining away, which is eighteen months—the captain being one of the shareholders. After the launch a number of gentlemen assembled together, and drank in a bumper—"Success to the Sea-gull, and the party proceeding in her to the gold regions."

The cargo of the Champion consists of 114 tierces beef, 500 staves, 12,000 feet pine, 2 bags wool, 6 barrels herrings, 1 barrel pork, 12 bundles sheepskins, 17 hides, and 2 casks tallow.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA FOR TO-DAY.

September.		SUN rises	SUN sets	HIGH WATER morn	HIGH WATER even
20	THURSDAY	6 2	5 58	10 20	10 37

Moon's 1st quarter, 29 min. p. 9 A.M., Sept. 24

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.

THIS EVENING, SEPTEMBER 20,

WILL be produced, an Opera, entitled the NIGHT DANCERS. Albert, Mr. J. Howson; Fridolin, Mr. F. Howson; Bertha, Madame Carandini; Giselle, Mrs. Guerin; Myrtha, Madame Torning. To conclude with the farce of FRANK FOX PHIPPS. Frank Fox Phipps, Mr. Hydes; Peter Popkins, Mr. Rogers; Spicey, Mr. F. Howson; Henry Popkins, Mr. Ditchburn; Mrs. Popkins, Mrs. Gibbs; Miss Caroline Popkins, Madame Carandini; Fanny Fritter, Madame Torning.

THE

Sydney Morning Herald.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1849.

"Sworn to no Master, of no Sect am I."

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

OUR summary of the proceedings in Parliament was brought down to the 17th May. We now continue it a few days laterf rom the papers before us.

MAY 18.

In the House of Lords, after some unimportant matters had been disposed of, the Rate-in-aid Bill was passed by a majority of 37 to 29.

In the House of Commons, Mr. HAWES, in reply to a question from Sir W. MOLESWORTH, said, he could give no assurance that no more convicts would be sent out to Van Diemen's Land.

Lord J. Russell moved that the record against Mr. William Smith O'Brien be entered. The motion was agreed to. Lord J. Russell then said, he had consulted precedents, and was disposed to follow those relating to cases of high treason, and in accordance with them moved that a new writ be issued for the county of Limerick in the room of William Smith O'Brien, convicted of high treason. Mr. William Smith O'Brien was now civilly dead, and he thought, after consultation with others, that it was not advisable to make a new precedent by moving his expulsion from the house. Sir F. Thesiger suggested the alteration of the word "convicted" to the word "attainted," for attainder follows judgment, while conviction precedes it. The Attorney-General said the word "adjudged" would be better than either. The resolution with the word was then adopted. After a few words from Mr. F. O'Connor, the new writ was ordered to be issued. The House then went into committee on the Parliamentary Oaths Bill. Mr. J. O'Connell, who had previously complained of being misreported in the *Times*, immediately called attention to the fact that there were strangers in the gallery. The gallery was immediately cleared. Strangers were ordered to withdraw at ten minutes past five o'clock, and the proceedings of the committee were carried on with closed doors till ten minutes past eight, when the galleries were again opened, Mr. John O'Connell having disappeared. He soon afterwards returned, and took part in the discussion raised by an amendment moved by Mr. M'Cullagh. In doing so, he took occasion to detail to the committee his own peculiar views with regard to the Catholic oath. Mr. Newdegate observed that the course pursued by the honorable and learned gentleman was anything but creditable to him. By the speech which he had just delivered, he had revived a discussion to which he had given rise immediately on excluding the reporters from the house. The excellent speeches delivered by Sir Robert Peel and others on the subject had been lost to the public, and now that the reporters had returned, he sought to revive the debate in order that a falsified account of it might go forth to the public. Mr. J. O'Connell (somewhat excited), I deny that it is false. Mr. Newdegate begged the honorable and learned gentleman's pardon, and substituted the word "one-sided" for falsified. He thought, however, that the honorable and learned gentleman had made a very unfair use of the circumstance of the exclusion of strangers. The Earl of Arundel and Surry also regretted the exclusion of the reporters. He thought the rule of the house was a good one, and hoped it would not be departed from. For the twelve years in which he had been in the house he had not known it acted upon but once before that evening. By the course unfortunately taken by the honorable and learned member a very valuable debate had been lost to the public. After some further discussion the amendment was rejected. The bill then went through committee. The house resumed, and Lord J. Russell gave notice that the third reading would be taken on Monday, the 11th of June. The other business was disposed of, and the house adjourned.

MAY 21.

The House of Lords went into Committee on the Bill for altering the Navigation Laws. Lord STANLEY proposed the adoption of what are known as the reciprocity clauses, which after a long discussion were lost by a majority of 116 to 103. No further opposition was given to the Bill.

The House of Commons was occupied the whole of the evening in matters of detail.

MAY 22.

The House of Lords was chiefly occupied with a discussion on a petition from certain Episcopalians residing in Scotland who desire to be placed under the superintendence of Bishops of the United Church of England and Ireland, not exercising any territorial jurisdiction, but merely in their ecclesiastical character. The petition was presented and its prayer enforced by Lord BROUGHAM, who was supported by the Bishop of CASHEL, who stated that with the Scotch Episcopal Church he could not communicate, her doctrines leaning much more to the Church of Rome than that of England. The Duke of ARGYLE, the Bishop of WORCESTER, the Earl of HARROWBY, and the Earl of GALLOWAY, also supported the petition, which was opposed by the Duke of BUCCLEUCH, the Archbishop of CANTERBURY, the Bishop of EXETER, Earl POWIS, the Bishop of SALISBURY, and the Bishop of OXFORD, the latter of whom anxiously deprecated the remarks of the Bishop of CASHEL, as to the Romanist leanings and tendency of the Scotch Episcopal Church and services. The petition was presented, and the conversation dropped.

In the House of Commons Mr. D'EYNCOURT moved for leave to bring in a Bill to shorten the duration of Parliaments, which was carried by a majority of 46 to 41.

The House resolved not to sit on the Derby day, and was shortly afterwards counted out.

Our files do not reach any later date.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

WEDNESDAY.

THE Speaker took the chair at twenty minutes past three.

MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS.

Four messages were brought in from his Excellency the Governor, viz.:—

No. 50, stating that his Excellency, concurring as he did, with the recommendations of the Railway Committee, would take an early opportunity of recommending their report to the favourable consideration of her Majesty's Government. Ordered to be printed.

No. 51, stating that the Government would forward and recommend the report of the Dry Dock Committee. Ordered to be printed.

No. 52, enclosing the draft of a Bill to provide for the payment of claims on the late Registrar of the Supreme Court of New South Wales, in respect of intestates' estates. Ordered, with its enclosure, to be printed and to be taken into consideration on Wednesday next.

No. 53, enclosing the draft of a Bill to abolish the office of Registrar-General, and to transfer the duties thereof to the Prothonotary and Registrar of the Supreme Court. Ordered, with its enclosure, to be printed and to be taken into consideration on Wednesday next.

Mr. MACKINNON, pursuant to leave, brought in a Bill to prevent bounty immigrants from leaving the colony without refunding their passage money.

Bill read a first time, and ordered to be read a second time on Friday next.

Mr. MOOR gave notice of his intention, on Friday next, to move for leave to bring in a Bill for regulating the formation, drainage, and repair of streets and alleys on private property within the city of Melbourne.

APPROPRIATION BILL.

The COLONIAL TREASURER moved for and obtained leave to bring in the Appropriation Bill for 1850, and the Bill having been read a first time was ordered to be printed, and read a second time on Wednesday next.

PORTLAND BAY.

Mr. LAMB having given notice of his intention, on Friday next, to move that the letter of Mr. James Falconer to the Editor of the *Portland Guardian* be expunged from the journals of the House.

Mr. MARTIN suggested that the question was one of those which might be gone into without notice. It was the practice of the House of Commons that no petition or other similar document should be received which bore reference to past debates, and that being the case with reference to this letter, it ought never to have been entered upon the journals.

Mr. LAMB said, that if it was competent for him to proceed at once he should most readily do so, for the matter was too trifling in its nature to require formal notice and postponement. This gentleman might have written as many letters as he pleased to the Portland newspapers, and he, Mr. Lamb, would have taken notice of them, but when this letter was placed upon the journals of the House, he felt bound, reflecting as it did upon his character, to take cognizance of it. All he said on the occasion referred to in this letter was, that Portland Bay being an open roadstead, was, like all other roadsteads exposed, and so far from retracting this statement he should, if it were necessary, be inclined to go farther. Upon referring to the charts, and enquiring at the Insurance Offices, he found that Portland Bay was even more dangerous than he had anticipated. And even the gentleman who had taken upon himself to comment upon this matter had gone further than he (Mr. Lamb) in speaking of the port, by admitting that five vessels had been wrecked there within his knowledge. He had found, upon enquiry, that some of the Insurance Companies demanded a hundred per cent. more for freights to Portland than those to Launceston or Melbourne, while the other companies declined such insurances altogether. He thought that no matter commenting upon the remarks of a member ought to be inserted upon the journals of the House without that member having an opportunity of explaining. He had likewise heard it ruled by the Speaker that no petition could be received which had reference to a previous debate in that House. For these reasons he thought that this document ought to be expunged, and he accordingly moved its expunction.

Mr. MARTIN seconded the motion.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY said that he must take some blame upon himself for having so carelessly read the letter alluded to and the document in which it was enclosed. The latter had reference principally to matters stated by himself, and he did not like to be in possession of any information of this nature without communicating it to the House. It had escaped his recollection that the enclosure (the letter under discussion) was irregular, or he should not have included it in his motion for printing. He could have no objection therefore to the motion of the honorable member from Miller's Point.

DEPASTURING RUNS.

Mr. MARTIN enquired whether squatters would be allowed to retain a greater extent of land than was mentioned in their respective applications in the *Government Gazette*.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY said, that the question was an indefinite one, and difficult to answer. He presumed, however, that it would bear this complexion:—that many parties were supposed to have described the lands they occupied as of far less extent than they really were, and it was desired to know whether they would be confined to the extent they described. As a general rule the parties would be held bound by the descriptions which they had sent in, but they would not be held bound by the estimate of the quantity of land contained within these limits, as in the absence of a survey a correct estimate could not be expected. There was one rule, however, which would be rigidly adhered to, and which would have the effect of securing the public interest, namely, that in each case the grazing capabilities of the run would be estimated so that the parties would pay a rent proportionate to the extent of their occupancy.

RETURNS.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY laid upon the table a Return to an Address moved by the honorable member for Durham, with reference to assessment. Also a return to an Address moved by Colonel Snodgrass, with reference to the shipping trade of Moreton Bay. Both returns were ordered to be printed.

SLAUGHTER-HOUSES BILL.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY, in moving the second reading of the above Bill, said, that its object was to carry out, as far as was at present practicable the report of the Select Committee for inquiring into this matter, which sat in 1848. The whole of these recommendations, however, could not be carried out at once. The construction of abattoirs on Glebe Island had been suggested, but owing to the exorbitant demands of the proprietors of land there, it would not, he believed, be found possible to complete an arrangement of this description. There were, however, some forty or fifty acres adjoining, which would be sufficient for the purpose, and for the purchase of which they would probably be able to make arrangements. There were, however, some preliminary matters to be dealt with, and among other things it would be necessary to procure the sanction of Her Majesty's Government for the sale of the present Cattle Market, in order to raise the funds for purchasing the site of the future abattoirs. It would be impossible, therefore, to carry out the larger measure during the present session.

The Bill was then read a second time, and was ordered to be considered in Committee on Wednesday next.

DISTILLATION BILL.

The above Bill was read a third time and passed.

QUARANTINE BILL.

The above Bill was read a second time, considered in Committee, and ordered to be engrossed and read a third time on Wednesday next.—The object of this Bill was merely to give magistrates at the out-ports a power of ordering vessels into quarantine if necessary.

POLICE REWARD FUND BILL.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY moved that the Police Reward Fund Bill be read a second time.—Carried.

The House went into Committee on the Bill.

The first clause, enacting that any constable neglecting duty shall be liable to a penalty, and that such penalty shall be deducted from the salary of the constable, leaving the Governor the power to mitigate or remit the penalty, was passed.

The second clause, enacting that the portions of the fines and penalties hitherto paid to the chief constable and other constables, as informers, should go to a fund to be called the police fund, for the benefit of the police force of the colony, was passed.

The third clause, enacting that the Governor and Executive Council should frame rules for the distribution of such police fund, was passed; a clause having been previously introduced by which the regulation of the fund was vested in the Legislative Council.

A clause making the Act to take effect from the 1st January, was passed.

The House then resumed, and the CHAIRMAN reported the Bill as amended, which was ordered to be read a third time on Wednesday next.

CUSTOMS.

The COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS brought in a Bill to amend the Customs Act.

The Bill was read a first time, and ordered to be printed and read a second time on Wednesday next.

COMMITTEE OF SUPPLY.

The House went into a Committee of Supply.

The COLONIAL TREASURER moved that the sum of £1000 be appropriated for the continuance of the erection of the lighthouse at Gabo Island.—Carried.

The COLONIAL TREASURER moved that the sum of £1530 be voted for the maintenance of the roads in the colony on which tolls are established.—Carried.

The Chairman then reported progress, and the COLONIAL TREASURER moved that the report be adopted.—Carried.

The House adjourned at half-past four o'clock till three o'clock this day.

COUNCIL PAPER.

REPORT FROM THE SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE ABORIGINES AND PROTECTORATE.

THE Select Committee of the Legislative Council appointed on the 29th June, 1849, "to inquire into the state of the aboriginal inhabitants of this colony—more especially with regard to the success or failure of the present protectorate system in Port Phillip, have agreed to the following report.

The extended nature of the question submitted to your Committee and the great difficulties which are admitted by all to encompass any plan for the amelioration of the condition of the Aborigines of Australia, determined your Committee to limit their enquiry upon the present occasion, to what appeared to be the primary object of their appointment, namely, the working of the present protectorate system in Port Phillip. For this purpose a series of written questions were forwarded to the magistracy of that district. Replies have been received from some of the members of that body, which, together with copies of correspondence furnished by the Government for the use of this Committee, have afforded materials from which your Committee have come to the conclusion that the present system of protection of the Aborigines has totally failed in its object. Some of the evidence shows it to have been useless; while other witnesses state that its effect has been prejudicial to the objects of its care. One letter goes the length of asserting that the protectors had thwarted the efforts of others to educate Aboriginal children. Your Committee are inclined to coincide in the two former opinions, but must hesitate before they express their concurrence in the latter.

Your Committee regret that although they are compelled to advise the abolition of the present system, they are unable to recommend any other as a substitute. They cannot express any sanguine hopes as to the prospects of the adult population; and the education of the children, although proved to be practicable by success in isolated cases, is accompanied by difficulties, admitted by all acquainted with the subject, but which none have been able to surmount. The total separation of the parents from the children seems to be essential to the success of any plan, and your Committee believe that to effect this object compulsory measures would be required.

Your Committee observe in a despatch of Earl Grey's, dated 11th February, 1848, that the formation of new reserves is recommended for the use of the aborigines. The utility of this step they are inclined to doubt, inasmuch as reserves do exist at present, which have totally failed in their object, and it is clear that any multiplication of similar institutions would not only increase both the difficulty and expense of their management, but would also prove prejudicial to those settlers who would be ousted of portions of their runs, and thus, perhaps, interfere with the good feeling which your Committee are happy to notice has sprung up between the white and black population of the colony.

The total failure of all plans heretofore attempted, and the great expense already incurred, amounting, in thirteen years, to £61,000, induce your Committee to recommend that no hasty steps should be taken towards the introduction of a new system, until more mature consideration can be given to the subject, which they hope will be resumed in the next Session of the Legislative Council.

In conclusion, your Committee wish to express their opinion that, without underrating the philanthropic motives of Her Majesty's Government in attempting the improvement of the aborigines, much more real good would be effected by similar exertions to promote the interests of religion and education among the white population in the interior of this colony, the improvement of whose condition would, doubtless, tend to the benefit of the aborigines.

JOHN F. LESLIE FOSTER,
Chairman.

Legislative Council Chamber,
Sydney, 30th August, 1849.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

SUPREME COURT.—WEDNESDAY.

INSOLVENCY JURISDICTION.

BEFORE His Honor Sir ALFRED STEPHEN.

IN THE ESTATE OF E. ALBERT SUIVERKROP.

The CHIEF COMMISSIONER moved that the certificate granted herein be confirmed. Granted.

IN THE ESTATE OF SAMUEL BARNETT.

The CHIEF COMMISSIONER moved that the plan of distribution filed herein, showing a first dividend of one shilling in the pound be confirmed. Granted.

IN THE ESTATE OF JOHN HOSKING.

The CHIEF COMMISSIONER reported that the trustees in this estate had filed an account current of the assets in their hands, and against which a caveat had been filed by a creditor.

Mr. MICHIE, on behalf of the creditor, moved in the first place against the allowance of the account, inasmuch as it was not filed in conformity with the provisions of the Insolvent Acts. By the affidavits read, it appeared that the trustees, as per account filed, admitted having a large sum of money in hand, but they had not stated what debts were owing by the estate to other persons, though the account stated a certain Equity suit had been commenced, with the costs of which the trustees would seek no doubt to saddle the estate. By the same affidavits it appeared that the trustees had charged the estate with a commission of seven and a half per cent., which together with auction charges, amounted to the monstrous sum of sixteen per cent. on the sales effected. On these grounds, said the learned counsel, he objected to the allowance of the account, and would suggest that it be referred back to the trustees to file an account more in conformity with the Acts of Council, and charging themselves only with a commission of much less in the pound, and according to the rate already settled by the Court. It may be remembered, some time since, that the Court was moved, and a rule was obtained, as it was now said, by which the trustees of the estate were ordered to file an account current, as well as a plan of distribution. The time then limited for the performance of these two acts has elapsed, but the trustees have only complied with a part of the order, viz., by filing an account current. For this disobedience of the order, the learned counsel moved, secondly, for a rule *nisi*, calling upon the trustees to show cause why an attachment should not issue against them. It was suggested, said the learned counsel, that the order had been wrongly drawn up; but, said he, if that had been the case, it was for the trustees to have come in and got it amended. It was sworn that they had been served with an order in this form.

His HONOR, after enquiring whether notice had been given to the other side as to the intended motion in its double aspect, and being informed in the negative, suggested that a rule *nisi* had better be granted, calling upon the trustees to show cause why the account current should not be amended, &c., and why an attachment should not go against them for their not having filed a plan of distribution.

A rule *nisi*, as above, was ultimately granted—made returnable on the first Wednesday in Term.

IN THE ESTATE OF A. AND SAUL LYONS.

Mr. FISHER said, on behalf of Saul Lyons, he had a motion to make, the purport of which was to release the above joint estate from sequestration under the 86th section of the Insolvent Act. He said he had read through all the affidavits filed in the matter, and that they made out that the applicant had brought his case within the decisions arrived at by the full Court on the same section. The affidavits, however, he said, disclosed one peculiarity in the proceedings, which he thought best to mention. It was as follows: at one of the meetings convened for the accepting the composition, an alleged creditor, an administratrix in England, through her agent in the colony, proposed to vote as a creditor, but as that agent did not then produce his power of attorney, or other authority, the chairman then presiding decided that he could not vote. It was now suggested by the learned counsel, as the administratrix had not taken out administration in the colony, of the goods and chattels of the deceased in the colony, she could not make proof of any debt in the Insolvent Court of this colony; though contingent proof of it had been allowed there, but the matter either had been, or would be, brought before the full Court. It was said the composition accepted by the creditors was three farthings in the pound, the estate having already paid a dividend of 2s. 1½d. in the pound.

His HONOR said, he would grant an order, dated as of to-day, declaring the estate to have been released from sequestration, but would order it to lie in the office for fourteen days; and that, if no caveat within that time to its issuing should be lodged, it would go then, as a matter of course.

The Court was then adjourned.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

INSOLVENT COURT.

MEETINGS THIS DAY.

In the estate of Philip Lynch, a single meeting, at half-past 10.

In the estate of John Larnach, a certificate meeting, at noon.

MEETINGS TO-MORROW.

In the estate of James Devine, a single meeting, at half-past 10.

In the estate of E. S. Hill, a special meeting, for examination, at 11.

ELECTION OF EARL GREY FOR MELBOURNE.

Copy of a Despatch from Governor Sir C. A. Fitz Roy to Earl Grey.

Government House,
Sydney, September 22, 1848.

MY LORD,—In my Despatch, No. 183, of the 18th ultimo, I had occasion incidentally to mention that the constituency of Port Phillip district, on the day appointed for the nomination of members for the new Legislative Council of this colony, had refused to allow any gentlemen to be proposed for the five seats allotted to that district, and that the constituency of the city of Melbourne had returned your Lordship as their member.

I have now the honour to transmit copies of the Superintendent's Despatches, reporting these proceedings, which appear to have had their origin in sudden impulse, and to be intended to prove the discontent of the inhabitants of the district and city generally at the delay that has occurred in establishing Port Phillip as a separate and independent colony and government.

I feel that it is quite unnecessary to trouble your Lordship with any observation of my own on the course which the constituency have been inclined to pursue with respect to those elections; I shall, therefore, confine myself to reporting to your Lordship that, as I had reason to believe that the electors present at Melbourne on the days of nomination for the district and city were led away under the influence of a few designing and factious individuals to act without due consideration, and that the respectable portion of the inhabitants repudiate their conduct as unworthy of a community professing to be British subjects, under the advice of my Executive Council, and the opinion of the Crown Law Officers of this Government, I deemed it my duty to issue fresh writs for the election of members for the district, removing the place of nomination and the principal polling place to Geelong; and I am led to believe that this step will enable the electors to prove that the majority do not coincide in the views of the previous proceedings at Melbourne.

With respect to your Lordship's election for the city of Melbourne, as the Crown Law Officers (as your lordship will perceive from the copy of their opinion annexed) have pronounced it to be valid, I have not considered it advisable to interfere further than by abstaining to notify it in the usual manner in the *Gazette*, to show that the Government would in no way make itself a party to a proceeding which it could not but consider to be improper and unbecoming, if not actually intended to be insulting.

I have, &c.,
C. A. FITZ ROY.

The Right Hon. Earl Grey, &c.

Superintendent's Office,
Melbourne, July 21, 1848.

Sir,—It is my duty to forward to you the enclosed copy of a communication which I have just received from the Returning Officer of the electoral district of Port Phillip, accompanying the return writ, addressed to his Excellency the Governor.

His Excellency will learn with some surprise that no member whatsoever was returned.

I have, &c.,
C. LA TROBE.

The Honorable the Colonial Secretary,
Sydney.

Sir,—I have the honour to transmit to your Excellency the enclosed writ of election, which was forwarded to me, as Returning Officer, to return five members to serve in the Legislative Council of New South Wales, for the electoral district of Port Phillip.

I have, &c.,
R. WILLIAMS POHLMAN,
Returning Officer for the Electoral District of Port Phillip.

His Excellency Sir Charles Fitz Roy,
Governor, &c.

Melbourne, July 20, 1848.

Sir,—I have the honour to request that your Honor will be pleased to forward to his Excellency the Governor the enclosed writ of election, which was transmitted to me, as Returning Officer, to return five members to serve in the Legislative Council of New South Wales for the electoral district of Port Phillip, and to state to your Honor that, at the meeting held by me this day for such election, there were no persons elected to serve as members of the Legislative Council for this district.

The only candidate placed in nomination was Mr. Foster, who was in the first instance proposed by Messrs. Wills and Williams, electors of the district; but this gentleman, after several electors had addressed the meeting without proposing any other candidates, declined, on the suggestion of his friends, the nomination made in his favour; and the electors who had moved and seconded his nomination, withdrew the resolution which they had proposed to that effect, and before any other candidate had been named.

There being no time fixed for keeping open the meeting for nomination, at the expiration of one hour from the commencement thereof I called upon the electors in due form a second time to propose members to be returned under the writ, and no candidate having been named, I closed the meeting.

I beg to add, that there was no obstruction or interruption by any riot or open violence which would have justified me in adjourning the meeting under the 21st section of the Act.

I have, &c.,
ROBT. WILLIAMS POHLMAN,
Returning Officer for the Electoral District of Port Phillip.

His Honor the Superintendent, &c.

Superintendent's Office,
Melbourne, July 28, 1848.

Sir,—It is my duty to forward to you herewith a copy of a letter which I have received from the Returning Officer of the Electoral District of Melbourne, returning the writ for the election of a member in the Legislative Council for this city.

His Excellency will see that, acting upon sudden impulse, the electors have actually returned Earl Grey as their representative.

It is surely not necessary for me to state how sincerely I lament the manner in which the business of the election of members to sit in the Legislative Council, under the new writs, both for the district of Port Phillip and city of Melbourne, have been conducted.

The voting papers are herewith also forwarded.

I have, &c.,
C. J. LA TROBE.

The Hon. the Colonial Secretary.

Town Clerk's Office,
Melbourne, July 28, 1848.

Sir,—I have the honour to enclose the writ addressed to me by His Excellency the Governor for the election of a member to serve in the Legislative Council for the City of Melbourne, whereupon I have certified the return of "The Right Hon. Henry Grey" (Earl Grey in the Peerage of Great Britain).

I beg leave to request that your Honor will transmit the writ, together with the accompanying voting papers to His Excellency the Governor, by to-morrow's overland mail.

I have, &c.,
A. RUSSELL,
Returning Officer.

His Honor the Superintendent of Port Phillip.

Attorney-General's Office,
August 22, 1848.

Sir.—We beg leave to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of 7th instant, transmitting the enclosed communication from His Honor the Superintendent of Port Phillip, accompanying the writ for the election of a member to serve in the Legislative Council for the electoral district of Melbourne, with the name of the Right Honorable Henry Grey, Earl Grey, endorsed thereon, as duly elected, and requesting by direction of His Excellency the Governor, our opinion as to whether the above is a legal return.

In reply, we have the honour to state, that there is no enactment or provision in the Constitutional Act (5 and 6 Victoria, c. 76) which prevents a British peer from being elected and sitting as a member of the Legislative Council of this colony, neither can it be taken for granted that Earl Grey has not sufficient landed property within the colony to qualify him to take his seat; it appears to us, therefore, that whatever may have been the intention of the electors of Melbourne in returning Lord Grey, there is nothing illegal on the face of that return, and that for the present, at least, he must be considered in law as their representative.

J. H. PLUNKETT,
Attorney-General
W. FOSTER,
Solicitor-General.

The Hon. Colonial Secretary.

Copy of a despatch from Governor Sir C. A. Fitz Roy, to Earl Grey.

Government House,
Sydney, Sept. 23, 1848.

My Lord,—With reference to the subject of my despatch (No. 205) of the 22nd instant, I have the honour to transmit a memorial which has been placed in my hands by the Superintendent of Port Phillip, addressed to your lordship by certain inhabitants of the district, agreed upon at a public meeting held in the city of Melbourne, for the purpose of vindicating the course pursued by the constituency in abstaining from returning any representatives to the Legislature of New South Wales.

I have also the honour to transmit the copy of Mr. La Trobe's despatch, forwarding to me this memorial, and of the Mayor of Melbourne's letter, requesting that it should be forwarded to me.

Mr. La Trobe's remarks respecting this memorial, and the extraordinary course pursued by the electors on the occasion referred to, appear to me to be so clear and judicious, that I feel it unnecessary to do more than to express my entire concurrence with them, and particularly with the concluding portion, which throws a doubt on the expediency in uniting (erecting?) Port Phillip into a separate colony, or granting it a representative legislature. I have, &c.,

C. A. FITZ ROY.

The Right Hon. Earl Grey, &c.

CITY COUNCIL.

A MEETING of the City Council will be holden on Monday next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

1. By Alderman THURLOW—

That the Report of the Special Committee of the City Council on the Report of the Special Committee of the Legislative Council on the City Corporation, of date 11th September—received by the Council on the 12th instant, and the evidence appended thereto, be taken into consideration.

2. By Alderman EGAN—

That a Committee be appointed to take into consideration the reform required in the constitution of the City Council, and to confer with the City Solicitor, and prepare a Bill for the consideration of the Legislature, for the purpose of carrying such form into effect.

3. By Councillor THORNTON—

That application be invited for the office of Assistant City Surveyor by advertisement in the usual manner.

4. By Councillor MOORE—

That this Council do now proceed to appoint a Collector of Rates for Bourke and Cook Wards.

5. By Alderman ALLEN—

That the Report of the Finance Committee of date 5th September, received by the Council on the 6th instant, recommending the payment of sundry accounts amounting to £46 11s. 1d., be adopted.

6. By Alderman FISHER—

1. That the Report of the Water Committee, of date 1st September, received by the Council on the 6th instant, recommending a three-inch water main to be laid in Clarence street, from Druitt to King streets, be adopted.

2. That Mr. Thomas Holme, of Parramatta-street, be allowed a supply of water to his tannery, at the rate of five pounds per annum, in accordance with the recommendation of the Water Committee.

8. By Alderman EGAN—

That this Council do now proceed to open and determine on the tenders for the following supplies and works:—Kerbing and guttering, and forming and gravelling George-street from Goulburn street to Market-street; kerbing and guttering, and forming and gravelling Castlereagh street, from King-street to Hunter street; formation of Union-street; supply of cast-iron piping, locks, &c.

9. By Alderman THURLOW—

1. That the Report of the Improvement Committee of date 30th July, received by the Council on the 1st August, 1849, recommending certain repairs in Charles-street, be adopted, and that tenders be invited for the performance of the same.

2. That the Report of the Improvement Committee of date 30th July, received by the Council on the 1st August, 1849, with reference to the construction of a main sewer in Bridge-street, be taken into consideration.

3. That the Report of the Improvement Committee of date 1st September, received by the Council on the 6th instant, recommending the permanent repair of Pitt-street, between Liverpool and Goulburn streets, be adopted, and that tenders be invited for carrying out the same.

4. That the Report of the Improvement Committee, of date 1st September, received by the Council on the 6th instant, recommending the construction of a drain near Market-lane, be adopted.

MULTUM IN PARVO.

(From late Australasian Papers.)

THREE hundred and thirty-five sheep, ex Raven, of Launceston, and ninety-two sheep, ex Helen, were sold on the 6th instant, at the Government Slaughter House, Hobart Town, by Mr. W. A. Guesdon. The former fetched 12s., and the latter 12s. 6d. each. He also sold one hundred and sixty sheep, ex Flying Squirrel, at from 9s. 9d. to 10s. each.—At the close of the session at the University of Glasgow, on the 1st of May, Mr. J. Newton Langley, (son of Mr. Langley, of Melville-street, Hobart Town,) took the degree of M.A. with the highest distinction, a position which no graduate of that university has attained for the last ten years.—It is proposed in Melbourne that the Government shall grant land and other privileges to the Corporation for the establishment of gas works, to be let to a company for a certain number of years.—The long pending dispute between the Government and the Corporation of Melbourne relative to Church-street, is now in train for speedy adjustment, the rival claims of the Corporation and Church of England having been settled by mutual concessions. The street is to be restricted to half its present width, which will have a carriage way of twenty-eight feet and footways of nine feet each, a width quite sufficient for a street in that locality.—The winter in the southern districts of New Zealand has been unusually severe; early in August there was snow at Wellington ten inches deep. There has also been very bad weather at Otago.—The government of South Australia have offered a premium of £50 for the best essay on road-making.—The Crown Prosecutor has given it as his opinion that a person detected removing dead wood from public land may be apprehended without a warrant.—The amount in the Wellington Savings' Bank on the 30th June, was £1965 17s. 10d.—Fifty Maories had proceeded to Port Cooper, under agreements with the agents of the Canterbury settlement, to make roads and streets; the first settlers are expected early in 1850.—Mr. William Lockhart, a gentleman who arrived in the colony by the Glen Huntley about a year since, was accidentally drowned when crossing the river Wannon, about a fortnight since.—The residence of Mr. Watson, the police magistrate at Akoroa, was recently completely destroyed by fire, supposed to have originated from some timber which lay near the fire-place igniting.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

MR. J. RICKARDS.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Drapery Goods, Patent Hemp, Sewing Twine.

MR. J. G. COHEN.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Clocks, Watches, Spectacles, Watch Glasses and Keys, Silver Guards, Thimbles, Sheepshears, Shoe Thread, Pictures.

MR. W. G. MOORE.—At the Labour Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Silver Plate, Jewellery, &c.

MR. G. A. LLOYD.—At the City Mart, at 11 o'clock, Pimento, Jams, Sauces, Fruits, Bottled Fruit, Patna and Java Rice, Manila Coffee, Hobart Town Jams, Eleme Raisins, &c.

MR. H. A. GRAVES.—On the premises, No. 16, Elizabeth-street, between Park and Market streets, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, Crockeryware, Glass, Pictures, Kitchen Utensils, and Sundries.

MR. MORT.—On the premises, opposite Cooper's Distillery, at 10 o'clock, Horse, Cart, Baking Utensils; at his Stores, at 11 o'clock, Wool, Tallow, Sheepskins, Hides, Neats' Foot Oil, Horse Hair, Wool Press, Screens, Beam, &c.; at 12 o'clock, Pair Carriage Horses, Saddle Horse, Gig, with Tandem Harness, also, £230 Stock in the Bank of New South Wales.

MR. R. FAWCETT.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Boots and Shoes.

MR. S. LYONS.—At his Mart, at 11 o'clock, Byass's Bottled Ale, Carriage Varnish, Rice, Saddlery, Copper Cooler, Wool, Confectionary, Daguerreotype Plates, Oil Paintings, Champagne, &c.

POLICE OFFICE.—The sitting magistrates yesterday were, the Mayor, Alderman Egan, and Captain Moriarty, the last named gentleman being the only one of the three justices appointed for the day who attended to the duty. In consequence of the absence of Mr. Miles, Alderman Egan, was also engaged a great part of the day, in taking informations in the private room. The magistrates who have been summoned for this day (Thursday) are Captain M'Lean, Dr. Mitchell, and Mr. Moir.

METEOROLOGY.

(Compiled expressly for the Sydney Morning Herald.)

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT, SOUTH HEAD, FROM 11TH TO 17TH SEPTEMBER, 1849.

DATE.	MOON'S AGE.	BAROMETER. 8½ A.M.	BAROMETER. 2½ P.M.	BAROMETER. SUNSET.	BAROMETER. 9 P.M.	ATTACHED THERMOMETER. 8½ A.M.	ATTACHED THERMOMETER. 2½ P.M.	ATTACHED THERMOMETER. SUNSET.	ATTACHED THERMOMETER. 9 P.M.	DETACHED THERMOMETER. 8½ A.M.	DETACHED THERMOMETER. 2½ P.M.	DETACHED THERMOMETER. SUNSET.	DETACHED THERMOMETER. 9 P.M.	WET.	REGISTER THERMOMETER. MAXIM.	REGISTER THERMOMETER. MINIM.	RAIN FALLEN.	WINDS.
TUESDAY, 11	24	29·504	29·530	29·511	29·586	53	56	56	55	48	60	55	52	54	60	47	*	N.W., W.N.W., W. by N.
WEDNESDAY, 12	25	29·603	29·507	29·509	29·533	54	56	55	46	51	57	55	53	54	57	49	....	W. by N., W.N.W.
THURSDAY, 13	26	29·552	29·528	29·536	29·600	56	57	56	57	53	57	52	50	52	57	47	0·01	W.S.W., S.S.E., S. by E., S.
FRIDAY, 14	27	29·673	29·670	29·679	29·701	56	61	59	57	52	60	57	54	53	60	48	0·01	W.S.W., S.E.
SATURDAY, 15	28	29·776	29·724	29·740	29·772	56	57	57	58	48	57	58	50	52	58	47	....	W.N.W., N.E. by N., N.E.
SUNDAY, 16	29	29·875	29·844	29·815	29·846	58	59	58	59	50	60	58	54	55	60	47	....	W., S. by E., S.E., N.E.
MONDAY, 17	● 9·7 A.M.	29·898	29·866	29·856	29·884	58	63	61	59	54	63	60	58	54	63	46	....	Calm, N.N.E., N. by E., N.

* Inappreciable.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Tuesday, 11.—Showery between seven and eight A.M., afterward cleared, and strong breezes arose from north-west and continued through the day, growing keen and very dry towards evening: middle part, mild summer weather. Lightning in south-east early night. After midnight blew heavily from the west by north.

Wednesday, 12.—Wind moderated before break of day, and during the forenoon died away; subsequently calms and light airs: sky entirely overcast through the day, and latter part dark and threatening: some partial showers in places; none here.

Thursday, 13.—Morning, westerly airs, low fogs in places: forenoon, bright and pleasant, gentle south breezes. After two o'clock, thunder clouds gathered darkly throughout the western hemisphere; towards sunset nimbus formed in the south, and came over us and passed off in the north, only moderate showers falling here for a short while. A great deal of lightning in the north during the fore-night.

Friday, 14.—Some showers between six o'clock and half-past, then weather cleared up and remained clear and sunny all day: gentle south-easterly airs and breezes prevailed. Night, light airs from north of west from after ten o'clock; partial clouds.

Saturday, 15.—Cloudy early part, and west-north-westerly airs: mid-day gentle north-east breezes set in; small cirri lying in the lower sky; fine sunny weather. Much lightning between south-west and south-south-east, from after sunset during all fore part night.

Sunday, 16.—Very light airs and calms, and most lovely weather througout; scarcely a cloud in the sky. Night, calm and perfectly cloudless.

Monday, 17.—Bright sunny weather; wind set in from north and by east about noon, and gradually freshened until nine o'clock, soon after which died away: no clouds, atmosphere damp latter part. Night, light westerly airs after eleven o'clock; clear sky.

HINT TO EQUESTRIANS.—On Tuesday evening, Mr. Parker, of Brickfield Hill, grocer, left his horse standing for a few minutes opposite the residence of Mr. Hellyer, on the South Head Road. On his return he found that some person had taken the opportunity of relieving his horse of the saddle, worth about £3.

CHARGE OF ROBBERY.—On Tuesday last Inspector Burrowes, of the Sydney Police, apprehended a man named Johnson on a warrant charging him with having stolen a quantity of goods, which, on the 20th ultimo he had received from the stores of Messrs. J. and W. Byrnes, of Parramatta, for conveyance to Mr. George Shelly, of the Tumut River, instead of which he had disposed thereof, and appropriated the proceeds. Mr. Burrowes apprehended him sitting by the water-side in the Domain, between Fort Macquarie and Lady Macquarie's chair, when he said his name was Joseph Bayliss. On searching his person there was found a paper signed John Macnamara, purporting to be a receipt from Joseph Bayliss for the sum of £6 5s., as a deposit for his passage money to California by the Maria, with four sovereigns, £12 in notes, and a small sum in silver; on searching his lodgings a number of articles of wearing apparel were found, marked with the name of Shelly, and a certificate of freedom, by which it appeared that he had not been free above a couple of months. He was brought before the Police Bench yesterday, and remanded until next Friday week, for the evidence of Mr. Shelly.

COMMITTAL.—John Spencer, charged with feloniously breaking into the store of Mr. Scott, of George-street, ironmonger, was yesterday committed to take his trial therefor.

THE LATE EXECUTION.—A rumour was prevalent yesterday that Owen Molloy, the murderer of John Leonard, at Canoe Creek, Moreton Bay, had previously to his execution on Tuesday morning, confessed to the commission of several other murders, and amongst them to that of the shepherd for which a man named Fyfe was hanged some twelve months ago. We have ascertained that these rumours are entirely without foundation. From the time of his conviction Molloy confessed the murder of Leonard, and deeply repented of that, and all other crimes committed by him; but he most positively denied any participation in any other murder, nor is there the slightest circumstance beyond idle gossip to implicate him in any such deed. As narrated in our paper of yesterday, the latest act of his life was the admission of the justice of his sentence, and the deprecation of the vice of intoxication, which in his case, as in thousands

of others, had beguiled him into madness, and impelled him into crime.

Embezzlement.—A person of respectable exterior, named Barker Joseph Benson, by profession a surgeon, yesterday appeared before Captain Moriarty at the Police Office, to answer a charge of embezzlement, preferred against him by Mr. John Harrison, of Sydney, also a surgeon. It appeared from the evidence of Mr. Harrison that on the 15th March last he entrusted the prisoner with a promissory note, made by himself in favour of Mr. Harrison, at three months' date, for the sum of £29, with written instructions to get it cashed, and to hand over the proceeds, which he engaged to do; they saw each other almost every day until within about six weeks of the note arriving at maturity, Benson always telling him that he had failed in his attempts to get it cashed, but that he would be able to accomplish it ere long; at this time Mr. Harrison said it was of no use to get the money for so short a period, and requested that the note might be returned to him; Benson said that he had not the note with him, but would bring it, but subsequently said it had become so mutilated with carrying in his pocket that he had destroyed it. Mr. Harrison thought that the latter statement was correct until the 18th June, when he received from Mr. F. Harpur, of King-street, a notice of its dishonour. Mr. Bennett, accountant, deposed that he acted as broker for Benson in the matter of a promissory note for £29, made by him in favour of Mr. Harrison, got it discounted by Mr. Harpur, and handed the proceeds, about £25, to Benson. Mr. Harpur deposed to having discounted the note, and that it was yet unpaid. Benson was committed to take his trial at the next Session of the Criminal Court, and admitted to bail for his appearance. The prosecution was conducted by Mr. Roberts, and Mr. Nichols appeared for the defence.

Conditional Pardons.—His Excellency the Governor has directed it to be notified, that Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to authorise the issue of pardons to the under-mentioned persons, on condition that, during the remainder of the term of their respective sentences, they do not return to the countries or colonies from which they were respectively transported, as hereunder more particularly specified. Dated 20th August, 1849: pardons available everywhere save in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland: Samuel Adams, Ocean 3; William Allwood, Lady Kennaway 2; Ann Anderson, Pyramus 1; Michael Andrews, Albion 2; Richard Ayris, Lady Harewood 1. Edward Bailey, Mangles 3; Thomas Baker, Norfolk 5; William Bennett, Claudine; William Bingley, Grenada 1; Elizabeth Boyd, Pyramus 1; Stephen Brennand, Java; George Brown, Mary 4; Charles Buckland, Lady Kennaway 2; Philip Byrne, Ann and Amelia; William Calvert, Asia 6; George Campbell, Strathfieldsay; Patrick Carthy, Governor Ready; James Casey, Mariner 1; John Chapman, Lady Kennaway 2; Matthew Colgan, Portland 2; Edward Connor, Guildford 8; James Cormick, Earl Grey 1; Richard Curtis, Hooghley 2. Rachael Davies, Lord Sidmouth 3; John Devlin, Isabella 2. James Elvin, Moffatt; Rees Evans, Bengal Merchant 2. Hugh Fraser, England 2. John Gee, Guildford 6; James Grady, Eliza 2; William Greenfield, Camden 2; Edward Greenwood, Earl Grey 2. Goodwin Hall, Prince George; Heerley Jeremiah, Mangles 2; James Holland, Royal George; William Holliday, Mermaid; William Holloway, Parkfield; James Howard, John 4; Patrick Hurley, Earl Grey 1. David James, John Barry 3; John Joyce, Forth 3. Henry Kemp, Aurora. John Lake, Royal Sovereign 2; Charles Lapidge, Royal Admiral 3; Thomas Leonard, Lady Kennaway 2; James Lowe, Waterloo 3; Edward Lulan, Coromandel; Patrick Lynch, Andromeda 1. John M'Bea, Royal Admiral 5; Edward M'Elroy, Cambridge; Daniel M'Entagart, Surry 8; Patrick M'Graw, City Edinburgh; John M'Loughlin, Earl Grey 1; Matthew Maher, Mangles 7: Patrick Maher, Hero; Edward Mander, Shipley 2; James Manning, Hive 2; James Mason, Earl Grey 2; John Mason, John Barry 3; John Millen, Bengal Merchant 2; John Murphy, Lady M'Naughten; Patrick Murphy, Recovery 2. Henry Northcote, Barossa. Aaron Porthen, Aurora; Robert Potter, Recovery 3; Frederick Prendergast, Roslyn Castle 3. Peter Reilly, Guildford 8; William Robbins, Lord Melville 3; John Roche, Tyne; Patrick Ryan, Henry Porcher 1. Robert Salisbury, Norfolk 5; Richard Scanlin, Surry 8; Joseph Shipley, Hadlow 1; Daniel Sullivan, (2,) Blenheim 1; John Sutton, Backwell; Patrick Sweeney, Norfolk 3. Sampson Taylor, Lloyds 1; Samuel Taylor, Midas; James Topping, Baring 1; William Tuck, Fairlie. John Weston, Lord Eldon 1; James Whelan, or Phelan, Java; James White, Recovery 3; Thomas White, Earl Grey 2; William Wilson, alias M'Quiggan, Medina. Pardons available everywhere save in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and the Province of Canada: Pierre Giroux, alias Louis Clontier, Waterloo 5. William Walsh, Woodbridge. Pardons available everywhere save in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and Gibraltar.—Duncan M'Kay, Exmouth. Arthur Morrison, Parkfield. Pardon available everywhere save in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and British India: John Carr, Warrior.

Bombala.—A site has been fixed upon for a village at Bombala, in the county of Wellesley. A copy of the approved plan may be seen at the office of the Surveyor-General, Sydney, or at the Police Office, Bombala.

Squatting Surveys.—At a meeting held at Melbourne to protest against the rates proposed to be charged for surveying the boundaries of squatters' runs, Mr. Foster, M.L.C., is reported to have made the following remarks:—"He was happy to inform the meeting that, from conversation he had recently held with the Colonial Secretary, it was not the wish or intention of the Government to impose any charge upon the squatter beyond the actual cost of surveying; they did not wish to make any profit out of the squatter, but thought, although by what strange process of reasoning he (Mr. Foster) was not aware, that the sum of £2 per mile would be necessary. However, they had found their mistake, and were satisfied that half that amount would be sufficient; but they (the squatters) contended that even one pound was too much; that 10s. would be ample, and the object of the resolution was to express an opinion to that effect, provided such an opinion prevailed at the meeting. Several gentlemen had told him that the latter sum would be sufficient, judging from their own experience; and he thought no one was likely to propose that a larger sum would be required. Surveyors had been known to chain twenty miles of boundary a day, and was it possible that the squatters would be required to pay £40 for a day's work? True this could only be done under favourable circumstances; but under the most unfavourable circumstances, four miles a day might be surveyed, and he should say the general average would amount to six or seven miles a day. He considered £3 or £4 every day ample remuneration, especially when it was remembered that in chaining the boundary of one line they would be laying down the boundaries of two. It was desirable to pass the resolution to assist the Government by showing the error they had fallen into, unwittingly, no doubt, and which they did not desire to profit by, at least so Mr. Deas Thomson had told him, and he had no reason whatever to doubt his word."

We are requested to call the attention of Silversmiths to Mr. W. G. Moore's sale of Jewellery, &c., this morning, at eleven o'clock.—*Communicated.*

Mr. Lyons requests the attention of parties to his sale, this day, at the Mart, at eleven o'clock, of Byass's bottled ale, rice, carriage varnish, copper cooler, saddlery, wool, confectionary, daguerreotype plates, oil paintings, &c., and superior champagne.—*Communicated.*

Mr. Mort's Sales This Day.—Mr. Mort begs to direct the attention of the public to his sales this day, at twelve o'clock, of £230 stock in the Bank of New South Wales, and of carriage and saddle horses, gig and tandem harness complete, in addition to his usual produce sale, commencing at eleven o'clock precisely.—*Communicated.*

The attention of drapers, storekeepers, and dealers, is directed to Mr. Richards's extensive sale by auction, this day, at 11 o'clock, of drapery, slops, parasols, patent hemp, &c., &c.—*Communicated.*

Early Poverty a Blessing.—An English Judge being asked what contributed most to success at the bar, replied, "Some succeeded by great talent, some by a miracle, but the majority by commencing without a shilling."

A Word to the Young.—The greater part of mankind employ their first years to make their last miserable.

CALIFORNIA.

ONE SIDE OF THE PICTURE.

Nature, lavish of her bounties,
Form'd it in her richest mould,
Where the very dirt is precious,
And the stones are solid gold!
Goldfish sport within its waters,
Goldfinches upon its trees,
And the gorgeous golden apple
Rustles in the scented breeze!

Oysters there are stsaed and "butter'd,"
Smoking in the shining sand,
And the pigs grow ready roasted
In that famous golden land.
Golden mushrooms rise like magic,
Out of every hill and vale;
Guineas are as thick as "buttons,"
"Mint drops" fall like showers of hail!

THE OTHER SIDE.

Yellow fevers greet all comers;
Agues fierce do them assail;
Rifle bullets round are humming;
Bowie-knives also prevail;
Gamblers sit in every corner;
Drunkards lie in every street;
Robbers sneak around like lynxes;
Vice at every turn you meet.

Ships arriving—none departing—
Sailors bolting all away;
Duties rising—quite surprising,
Cent. per cent. and more, to pay.
Yankee commodores and captains,
Yankee soldiers now are there,
From each worn and wasted digger
Every ounce of gold to tear.

THE SUFFICIENT PRICE.

Remarks on letter No. 47, of Mr. E. G. Wakefield's new work—"A View of the Art of Colonization. 1849."

The heading of this letter is as follows—"*In order that the price of waste land should accomplish its object, it must be sufficient for the purpose. Hitherto the price has been everywhere insufficient.*"

To prove this, Mr. Wakefield introduces an ingenious illustration,—he says, "suppose, then that Liebeg should discover a process, by which the water of the sea might be converted into fertile land, at a cost of, let us say 40s. per acre. Suppose, further, that the state did not monopolize this art, but allowed a free trade in it. Immense capitals would be invested in the trade. The quantity of sea converted into land would be as much as there was a prospect of being able to sell for the cost of production and a profit besides. A remunerating price would not exceed 50s. per acre; that is, 40s. to cover outlay and 10s. for profit. At this price fertile land might be obtained in unlimited quantities." The result, Mr. Wakefield says, would be, that pauperism in England would cease, that wages would be as high as in America. "But the blessings," he says, "would be accompanied or rather succeeded by a set of curses." That these curses would be, scarcity of labour for hire,—that the English would begin to hanker after negro slavery, and a law to make land dear. That all sorts of inconveniences and discomfort would result, and Mr. Wakefield concludes this letter by saying "*The supposed case as I have stated it, must contain some grave errors of reasoning, if fifty shillings would be a sufficient price to require for new land in the colonies.*"

Now the supposed case does appear to us to contain some very grave errors of reasoning, conclusions are drawn which are not only altogether improbable, but fallacious; for supposing that the sea on the coast of England could be converted into dry land by chemical agency, there are no possible circumstances under which it would be sold at fifty shillings per acre,—or, (as it would form part of England), at any other rate, than the price of unreclaimed land in England, about £50 to £100 per acre; so that it could never arise that the price would be within the reach of the labouring man; until the manufacture had been carried on to a vast extent, and even then, the price, owing to the presence of immense capital, might never come within the labourer's reach. And thus Mr. Wakefield's supposed case becomes altogether inapplicable, as an illustration of the necessity for a high sufficient price for new land in the colonies.

Precisely the same thing would result, if instead of resorting to Liebeg's chemistry, we were to try Aladdin's lamp; let us suppose that by its magic aid, we could transport Great Britain—people, wealth, government, and all, to the Pacific, to the shores of Port Jackson, and that the Government set about disposing of their continent of Australia;—it would not be 50s., or £5 per acre, that, under such circumstances, would be demanded for the available lands of Australia; but the selling price of unreclaimed English land, with such deductions only, as would follow from the immense quantity that would be thrown into the market. It is not, however, the gradual sale of waste land that would result from the conveyance of Great Britain from the Atlantic to the Pacific by the use of the magic lamp: the result would be that the whole continent of Australia would be immediately over-run by squatters, and in this manner, rather than by the sale at 50s. per acre, would the available lands of Australia be peopled. To use Mr. Wakefield's own words: "Is it not clear that pauperism, as that arises from superabundance of people in proportion to land, would entirely disappear?" Yes: pauperism would disappear—starvation would disappear—Chartism would disappear; these would to a certain extent be blessings, at least not curses. But these blessings, which would result to Great Britain, by the aid, if it were possible, of the African Magician's Wonderful Lamp, are not altogether unattainable in a natural way; it has been shown that arrangements could be made for bartering the waste lands of the colonies; and placing the starving multitudes of England on the shores of Australia, and satisfactorily too, because the deportation would be progressive. This is the great boon which has yet to be afforded to that part of the human race which has accumulated in the Old Countries, to an extent disproportioned to the amount of land available in the production of food.

The great tendency of Mr. Wakefield's arguments is to pander to the acquisition of wealth; throughout his work there is not the slightest leaning towards the amelioration of the condition of the starving people of his native country. All he talks of is the profitable investment of capital; no philanthropic sentiments escape him—no aspirations for bettering the condition and feeding the poor: for when he has conjured up a state of circumstances, which, as he says, should cause pauperism to disappear, he absolutely calls it a curse, because it may eventually subtract something from the comfort of the wealthy—something from the lucrative investment of capital. The shovelling out of paupers he reprobates as an unprofitable investment; let them stay at home and starve; but the young couples,—the clergy, the schoolmasters, the doctors, the agents,—these are the baits by which supporters of systematic colonization are to be caught; and on whom all the wealth which would result from the sale of Crown lands is to be lavished. Mr. Wakefield would create over again, as speedily as possible, that concentration which, in England and in Europe, has led to so much mischief and starvation, and which it is desirable, even for the safety of the wealthy, should be broken up.

It is not to be disguised, that in endeavouring to deal with Mr. Wakefield's fallacies a wholesale system of emigration has been advocated, which might tend more to benefit Great Britain than this colony in particular; still the main object of these remarks is to prevent, if possible, the introduction of any higher upset than the £1 per acre; to prevent the advocates of systematic colonization from forcing upon us a *sufficient upset* of some £10 or £20 per acre for the waste lands, for it is no trifling rise that would satisfy Mr. Wakefield, who contends that a high price would be "a mere tax,—a useless and therefore hurtful impediment to the acquisition of new land, unless it were *high enough* for its only legitimate purpose," that is, to prevent the acquisition of land, by the man, who, according to the doctrine, ought to labour for the benefit of capitalists, instead of growing his own food.

The attention of this colony must be awakened to the dangerous tendency of the ingenious but fallacious arguments by which it is sought to prop up particular, and seemingly interested views, by inflicting upon certain colonies a high upset price. It is true Mr. Wakefield seems to consider that Canada and New South Wales were, or are, ineligible as fields for the introduction of a sufficient price, because there is much land already alienated; but he is at fault as regards New South Wales. The quantity is not so great as he supposes,—only about 6,000,000 of acres, of which, perhaps, scarcely a quarter of a million is available for agriculture. Besides, as the Colonial Office always legislates for the Australian provinces en masse, and as Mr. Wakefield considers Port Phillip and South Australia particularly eligible for the introduction of the *blessings of a sufficient price*, New South Wales can scarcely escape becoming a participator.

NEWS FROM THE INTERIOR.

(From our own Correspondent.)

WINDSOR.

Death from Burning.—One of those awfully sudden casualties—in general, and in this case, the result of intemperance—took place on Wednesday last, about 11 P.M., the particulars of which are as follow:—A woman named Mary Sullivan, who for some time past had been residing with a dealer in this town named William Goss, had been drinking for two or three days; on the evening in question, as she was not at home at the usual time, Goss went to bed, and fastened up the house. Sometime afterwards she came to the door, drunk, and not getting in, she commenced a volley of abusive language on all about. Goss was at length prevailed on to let her in, and then went to bed again. As she was cold from sitting at the door, she took her place at the side of the fire, where the embers were still alive, and in a few minutes became a mass of flame. Goss jumped out of bed, and in endeavouring to put out the fire had his hands very much burned. The unfortunate woman was dreadfully burned, and was removed to the hospital, where she lingered till 7 o'clock next morning, when death put a period to her sufferings. An inquest was held on the body, and a verdict returned of "death from burning, whilst in a state of intoxication."

Petty Sessions—Court of Requests.—This Court was opened on Thursday last, before their Worships J. L. Scarvill, J. Panton, and J. Ascough, Esq., J.P.'s, for adjudication of cases under £10, in the counties of Cook and Westmoreland, within the Police district of Windsor. The cases were few and unimportant, save one about a horse, the particulars of which appeared some time since in the *Herald*, when it was sought to be made a criminal matter of. The case was Bullock *v.* Izzard, and the Bench in this instance decided for the plaintiff, and gave a verdict for the full amount sued for, viz., £10.

The Governor's Visit.—It is very currently rumoured that Sir Charles Fitz Roy intends visiting Windsor about the first of the ensuing month, and if such is really the case, some preparation should be made for his reception—some demonstration of loyalty and respect for the representative of our gracious Sovereign.

The Weather.—We have had delightful growing weather, as it is called, for the last ten or twelve days; and a great alteration for the better has taken place in every species of vegetation. Our orchards are a mass of variegated and delightful blossoms, and the different flower beds exhale an odour of such fragrancy as is peculiar only to spring. Everything promises well for an early and abundant harvest, which we sincerely trust no untoward or unfortunate circumstance will mar. Our two last seasons have been unpropitious; should a third occur, our district will be steeped in misery—such as will take years to efface; however, let what will betide, we must learn to be content, and take what may be in store for us.

ORIGINAL CORRESPONDENCE.

MOUNT KEIRA, ILLAWARRA.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—My attention having been callep to a letter which appeared in your last Saturday's issue, signed "Francis John King, jun.," stating he was the first that commenced mining in this district, and that he still held a lease from me giving him the right of mining on my property for ten years.

In reply, I beg to state that it is perfectly true that I allowed him to cajole me out of a lease, under the pretence of his having the means, as also the determination, to carry out what I had had in contemplation for some years previously, (viz., the mining for coal,) neither of which he possessed; he never, however, attempted mining on my land. After obtaining the lease, I understood he was endeavouring to raise money by the sale of it; failing in that, he addressed me a letter, which I have now before me, dated Sydney, 13th January, 1849, offering it to me for £15, which I declined; but in accordance with a *saving clause* in the lease, after taking an *opinion*, I resumed the land, and have since successfully carried out my original intentions, not, however, on the land let to him.

Your insertion of this note will oblige,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
J. SHOOBERT.

September 17.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

If we were approaching the present question under circumstances which left to us the unfettered exercise of our own judgment as to the nature of the legislature to be established in New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, and Van Diemen's Land, we should advise that Parliament should be moved to recur to the ancient constitutional usage by establishing in each a Governor, a Council, and an Assembly. For we think it desirable that the political institutions of the British colonies should thus be brought into the nearest possible analogy to the constitution of the United Kingdom. We also think it wise to adhere as closely as possible to our ancient maxims of government on this subject, and to the precedents in which those maxims have been embodied.—*Extract from the Report of the Privy Council Committee, May 1, 1849.*

Gentlemen,—I have delayed making you this communication in the hope some abler hand would have, before this, addressed you upon this all-important subject—Imperial Colonial Legislation. But since I have read in your paper of to-day the Report of the Privy Council Committee upon the matter, an extract from which is the heading of this letter; and this paragraph bearing, as it does, so fully with my sentiments, I feel the less reluctance in submitting my lucubrations to the public.

The proposed new constitution for these colonies is so much at variance with the principles of the British, that I feel it would ill become me to stand by silent when such schemes are propagated. It makes me feel the more warmly because if the present originators of the scheme are proud of England's standing, because it is based on her laws and institutions, why should her sons throw this "pearl of great price" away, and tell her sons (although settled in a distant part of her Majesty's dominions), equally alive to it, and thirsting for it—"Oh! it is too good for you, we cannot at all fancy that you can appreciate it?" This ignorance on the part of our statesmen does not surprise me. We know well that the greatest statesmen in England, before they aspired to the office, travelled into foreign countries for years, so they might befit themselves for the post. Now, the extent of our colonies is not a whit less important to England and her sons than all the European continent put together; how is it that statesmen with such a field before them have never sought to inspect them? It is not too late for this to be done, before aliens wrest them from us; and if England wishes her colonies to be animated by a similar spirit as herself, her statesmen should follow out this suggestion. There they will find that the pulse for love of our country still beats the same—alike feels the honour from which they spring; alike are depressed when famine and disease ravages their father-land; or joyful in heart when victories or eminent services of their contrymen, in any part of the globe, call forth the thanks of their Queen and country. Now, as I believe this to be a true picture of England's colonies, why is it that this monster General Assembly should be thrust upon us? Some are so weak as to ground it upon the necessity of equalizing duties, or postage of letters, roads, canals, light-houses, port charges, and administration of justice!!!

This General Assembly, or I much mistake their feelings, to which we and the neighbouring colonies are to be subject, will never be agreeable to them.—(By-the-bye, why is New Zealand left out?) No one would pass by an appeal to her Majesty direct for that of a government here they may despise, and which they may one day rival in importance—for I contend the principles of our British Constitution give ample scope for any injured colony or body of men in it to appeal direct to her Majesty, and that it is a piece of over legislation to suppose that to cement this unity it will be gained by making Sydney the tribunal of appeal.

Now, Gentlemen, with these observations against this proposed General Assembly, I purpose to state my opinion of the British Constitution which the colonies lack. In support of my position I must refer the reader to a perusal of those authors who have written in its favour. Perhaps with me the number three is lucky—however that may be, there are grave considerations to approve of this number, and as composing the estates of our Constitution. First comes the King, above all, and who can do no wrong—from him is all authority and honour—his person is sacred. Some one will here exclaim, how can this absolute authority be upheld or controlled? Easily. There appears the authority of the people, from whom all power (in a secondary way) is derived, and therefore its power is immense for good or evil. This authority is deputed to representatives for a certain period of time, and during the time their power is delegated, the people at large have no lawful authority. Their representatives meet and assemble in a Parliament which is now called the third estate. I need not add more of the working of this body, as it must be familiar to every one, further than to say that the apparent absolute authority of this assembly required a check. Now this legitimate check is found in the institution of another House of Assembly. And to show how jealous each party in the nation was as to its constitution, it could only be arranged in this manner. That as all honour comes from the King, the King creates the persons who compose it, who, after their creation, are independent of the King who made them, and the people from whom they came. And that this position of honour might be above suspicion or corruption, the office was made hereditary, so that *for ever* neither King nor people could overawe it.

Now, Gentlemen, what is there to prevent this three-fold authority in one being established in the colonies? One step towards it is established in Canada, under the system of "responsible government." The system does not work well there as yet, because the constitution is deficient of an Upper House composed of hereditary members, consequently a section of the people is not represented. This shows me, therefore, that the liberties of our country can only be extended to the colonies, when an imitation of its laws and institutions exists. This three-fold authority would meet any exigencies however complicated they may be, and much more to which consideration is pointed in this proposed General Assembly, namely, for duties, postage of letters, roads, canals, lighthouses, port charges, and administration of justice. Indeed, can there be a system of legislation so fair, which compels the three estates to agree before any law can be passed affecting the persons and liberties of our countrymen? For if at any time, as in cases of rebellion, or other excitements pressing upon the public mind, do we not find from a perusal of history, that in every way there is a safety valve arising out of this form of administering the government? And, again, that this beautiful system, experience shows, places no barriers to the laudable hopes or ambition of the humblest citizen to occupy. Why, then, should we be plagued to form another constitution, and which, I am bold enough to say, must create a jealous feeling towards us on the part of our neighbouring colonies.

In contemplating the stern and cold, but humane laws of our father-land, my heart tells me I am longing after an unity, which, if any thing on earth can be perfection, leads to it. That under them there is room for any extension of England's Crown, its laws, and dominions. At present we glory that the sun never sets upon the power of our country; and by carrying out its wise provisions in all the colonies, it will cement our Queen's authority and make the people as one, so that wherever a Briton points his steps, east, west, north, or south, from his native shore, he will feel he is only travelling to a country governed by the same laws and Government he is leaving, and varied only in some local laws,—as, for instance, in England he encounters a Game Law, which here is unknown; but he meets a law here called a Bushranger Act, authorising any suspicious person to be apprehended with firearms on his person.

Gentlemen, the principles I have thus put together, will, I trust, have the effect of drawing public attention to this new Whig measure for the government of the colonies, and open to their consideration principles which the body of people at large hardly feel the value of, as long as they live in peace and quietness, forgetting that it is from this source it comes, and that only a contrary state to this exists when bad men are elected by them to be their representatives in the councils of the nation.

I am quite sensible how much could be said by more learned men than myself on this subject, but my excuse for being so bold is, that it is dear to me, and I did not like to see it unnoticed, in this rising portion of Her Majesty's dominions, and because I think from the tenor of the Committee's Report, the suggestions will not be carried out until something further is heard from the colonies; especially, should a new ministry be in office.

AN AUSTRALIAN.

Sydney, September 17.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—As applicable to the present furor, I send you an extract from the Rev. Daniel Kidder's History of Brazil, vol. 2, page 328.

"Gopas and Matto Grasso, both were settled originally by gold hunters; the lure of treasure led adventurers to bury themselves in the deep recesses of these interminable forests. Their search was successful; their most eager avarice was satiated. Gold was so plentiful that for the first year every slave commonly returned three and four ounces a day. It lay upon the very surface of the ground. But the thoughtless adventurers had made no provision for supporting themselves, and they discovered when too late, that food was more precious than gold. Higher prices for provisions have seldom been demanded in a besieged town, than these poor miners were glad to pay; a pound of gold could scarcely buy a bushel of corn, and in one instance, a pound of gold was bartered for a pound of salt. A drove of cattle arrived, and flesh and bone together were sold for an ounce and a-half of gold per pound. All the gold was expended for provisions, but all was not enough, and many literally died of starvation. The time when gold was most abundant was described by one of the survivors as a season of pestilence and famine; and the discoverer himself, who counted his gold by arrobas (a weight of *thirty-two pounds*) died of leprosy."

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant
E. DARVALL.

Parramatta, September 18.

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1849.

IMPOUNDINGS.

Muswellbrook.—From Skellater: Red and white heifer, ML near rump notch near ear. Red and white steer, unbranded, 9 months old. Blue strawberry ox, like IH off rump, like O off thigh. Red ox, stag horns, CK near shoulder and rump. Black ox, white belly, LM off rump. Yellow brindle ox, 18 off ribs, 39 near ribs, yoked with a white and red spotted ox, J sideways with P conjoined with I off rump LO over, J sideways with P conjoined with I off ribs, ND off shoulder. From Edinglassie: Bay mare, white face, hind feet white, JM near shoulder; damages 3d. each. From St. Helier's: Bay entire, dark points, MD over M near ribs; damages £5. If not released they will be sold on the 8th October. J. Maddy. 12s.

Bathurst.—September 13: Brown mare, long tail, JF off shoulder, with a bay filly foal, about 6 years old, 14½ hands high. Brown mare, with a bay filly foal, illegible brand off shoulder, star, near hind foot white, 2 years old, 13 hands high. Chesnut filly, illegible brand off shoulder, blaze face, 2 years old, 13 hands high. Grey horse, B or 8 near shoulder, switch tail, aged, 15 hands high. Black horse, like WM with No. 9 under near shoulder, three white feet, saddle mark, switch tail, 4 years old, 14½ hands high. Red and white steer, no visible brand, 2 years old. Red poley heifer, no visible brand, 2 years old. Yellow and white cow, HP conjoined off ribs, illegible brand off shoulder, 5 years old. Red and white poley steer, illegible brand off rump, 2 years old; damages 6d. per head. If not released they will be sold on the 10th October. R. Yao. 12s. 9d.

Dapto.—September 13: 3 heifers and 1 steer, one branded AE, one branded HC, two, brands not legible, yearlings; damages 3d. per head. If not released on or before the 20th October, they will be sold. J. G. Bradford. 9s.

Yass.—From the estate of H. O'Brien, Esq., J.P. September 17: Yellow ox, like MD off rump. Red poley steer, HB rump and ribs off side. Brindle bullock, brands not visible. Brindle poley bullock branded like NS ribs and rump near side, NS ribs off side; damages 3d. each. From the estate of Mr. G. Davies: Brown and white spotted poley steer, W cross R on top of ribs off side. Black working ox, HO rump near side; damages 1s. each. Strawberry bull, if branded brands not visible, 18 months old. Yellow working ox, white on back and tail, JB on off shoulder, damages 1s. each. Also from the estate of C. Barber, Esq.: Black working ox, white on flank, off horn broken, like I W or T W near rump; damages 1s. Black poley bull, if branded brands not visible, 18 months old; notice sent to supposed owner. Red heifer, piece cut out of near ear, CM or GM rump right side; damages 3d. each. If the said cattle are not claimed in twenty-four days they will be sold. W. Coon. 13s. 9d.

ENGLISH EXTRACTS.

COLONIAL ESTIMATES.

House of Commons, 1st June.

The following vote was agreed to:—

£4049 for the civil establishment of Bermuda.

£2000 for the civil establishment of Prince Edward's Island.

On the vote of £11,578 for the ecclesiastical establishments of British North America,

Mr. J. B. Smith had a strong objection to the vote. He thought those colonies ought to be able to support their own church, and he should be glad to know whether the Government was making any arrangement for the purpose. He would not go into the question of the injustice of the vote, but leave that to the Canadians themselves; but he certainly objected to a vote of that kind, for a religious sect comprising not one-fifth of the population of Canada.

Mr. Hawes observed that those votes terminated with the lives of the present incumbents. It was a special contract made by a previous Secretary of State, and as the lives died off the vote would be reduced in amount.

The vote was then agreed to, as were

£14,102 for the Indian department in Canada.

£290 for the civil establishment of the Bahamas.

£1028 for the Governors of the West Indian Colonies.

£31,550 for stipendiary justices of the West Indian Colonies and the Mauritius.

£13,680 for the civil establishments on the west coast of Africa.

£16,940 for the island of St. Helena.

£7379 for the settlement of Western Australia.

£1763 for the settlement of Port Essington.

On the vote of £20,000 for the colony of New Zealand,

Mr. J. B. Smith saw in the vote a sum of £600 for the Bishop of New Zealand. He should like to know whether the vote stood upon the same footing as that of the Canadian vote, and that it would expire with the Bishop?

Mr. Hawes could not say that it stood upon the same footing. At the same time, he would observe that the revenues of New Zealand were increasing so rapidly that in a short time he hoped they would be enabled to write to him, as they had recently written to the Governor of Prince Edware's Island—that the colony should take upon itself the civil charges of the colony.

Sir W. Joliffe observed that the establishment of the chief secretary was put down at £1200, and the salary of chief justice at £1000, while that of the Bishop was only £600.

Mr. Hawes said the £600 was not the whole of the Bishop's salary; the salary of the secretary was only £600 or £800 per annum, the rest being the expenses of his establishment.

After a few words from Mr. Cardwell the vote was agreed to.

£1023 for the civil establishment at Heligoland.

£5700 for the Falkland Islands.

Mr. Cobden observed that the number of inhabitants in these islands did not exceed 160, and the cost of governing them, therefore, amounted to £35 per head, which would feed and lodge them in that country. No one could believe that these islands were of any value to them. They had no trade, and no shipping whatever, and he hoped the Government would be able to assure them that the country would shortly be relived from that expense.

Mr. Hawes could not say that this item would be struck out of the estimates, although he hoped it would be reduced. The Falkland Islands were not of any commercial importance, but they were of great political importance, in enabling vessels coming round Cape Horn to put in and refit.

Mr. Cobden said that the complaint was that ships did not touch at those islands. He did not know what were the political considerations that induced them to expend all this money. The Governor, it appeared, was paid £800 a year, the magistrate £400, the clergyman £400, the surgeon £400. The superintendent of cattle was also paid a handsome salary, although no ships would stop there to buy the meat.

The vote was then agreed to.

On the vote of £25,000 for the British settlement of Hongkong,

Mr. J. B. Smith said that he found included in this vote £750 for the ecclesiastical establishment, which he protested against.

Mr. Hawes said that as they had thought it expedient to take possession of Hongkong, and had sent a European population to that colony, he did not think it unreasonable to make some provision for their religious education. This estimate was considerably less than that of the previous year, and he believed they would be able to make a considerable further reduction in future years.

Mr. V. Smith reminded his honorable friend that the committee which had sat in 1847 had stated that the establishment kept up in this colony was one of endless expense. He complained of the great discrepancies that existed in the salaries paid to the governor, the secretary, and other officers in Hongkong, with those paid to the same officers in New Zealand and other colonies, the amount to the former being about double that paid to many others.

Mr. Hawes said that there had been a gradual reduction effected in some of these salaries for several years past. The Governor of Hongkong was no doubt paid a salary of £6000 a year, but it should be recollected that his duties were not simply confined to the island of Hongkong—he was also superintendent of the trade, which was most important in that part of the world, and had an extensive jurisdiction over the whole general establishment in China. He was also plenipotentiary, representing the Crown there. It was a most expensive government, and the climate was by no means favourable to health. On the contrary, New Zealand was singularly salubrious.

Sir W. Jolliffe thought that the government might have selected a much more healthy situation for the settlement. He should like to hear some explanation given in respect to the surveyor general's duties. He thought the ecclesiastical establishment highly necessary there, as prevention was better than cure.

Mr. Mitchell suggested that the salaries of the different officers referred to at Hongkong ought to be reduced one-half. He was certain the government would find no difficulty in procuring competent persons to discharge the duties required from the respective officers there, even if such reductions were effected.

Mr. M. Gibson was surprised to find the traders so slow in admitting the advantage of the trade in Hongkong, if it were really so important as the honorable gentleman seemed to think. Now he had heard persons interested in the trade of that colony say, that the possession of Hongkong was no benefit whatever to the trade of China. Suppose that the United States of America had obtained possession of the Isle of Wight or the Isle of Man, would the United States, he asked, have a larger trade in England? It was most absurd to assume that they would. He believed that the occupation of such places as Hongkong rather militated against their trade than promoted it, and he was of opinion that they only benefitted those who gave away places, and those who were appointed to them.

The vote was then agreed to.

EMIGRATION.

House of Commons.

The next vote was £13,654 for the Colonial Land and Emigration Board, &c.

Mr. Hawes, in answer to a question from Mr. V. Smith, said, he hoped that the annual report of the Emigration Commissioners would be laid upon the table next week, but that he could hold out no immediate prospects of a reduction of the expenses of the establishment.

Mr. Grogan enquired whether the Government intended to afford the same extensive facilities for emigration next year as they had afforded last year.

Mr. Hawes replied, that he hoped the facilities would, if anything, be increased next year, but as the expenses were provided for out of the funds derived from the sale of lands in the colonies, it would of course depend upon the state of those funds whether there could be any increased facilities or not.

Mr. Scott thought it a very shabby proceeding to make the colonies pay for the relief of our poverty, the means of their transference to these colonies, and he hoped the honorable gentleman would be able to confirm the report, that it was not the intention of Government to continue that burden hereafter.

Mr. Hawes declined to be drawn into a general discussion on the comparative advantages of the different plans of assisting emigrants. It was too wide a subject for that occasion.

Mr. Hindley admitted that that was hardly the time to enter upon the general question of emigration, but at the same time he confessed he should like to have some general assurance from the Government, that they intended to take up the matter in a large and comprehensive spirit. He recommended them to encourage emigration clubs, on the plan of their finding one-fourth of the money, the parish or union another fourth, and the Government and colony the remaining two-fourths. He hoped that neither the Government nor the House would be frightened at a million or two for this object. (Hear, hear.) He believed that had the millions we had voted to Ireland for the last few years, been spent on emigration, it would have done far more good. (Hear, hear.)

The vote was then agreed to.

The Study of Astronomy.—There is no science which, more than astronomy, stands in need of such a preparation, or draws more largely on that intellectual liberality which is ready to adopt whatever is demonstrated, or concede whatever is rendered highly probable, however new and uncommon the points of view may be in which objects the most familiar may thereby becomed placed. Almost all its conclusions stand in open and striking contradiction with those of superficial and vulgar observation, and with what appears to every one, until he has understood and weighed the proofs to the contrary, the most positive evidence of his senses. Thus, the earth on which he stands, and which has served for ages as the unshaken foundation of the firmest structures, either of art or nature, is divested by the astronomer of its attribute of fixity, and conceived by him as turning swiftly on its centre, and at the same time moving onwards through space with great rapidity. The sun and the moon, which appear to untaught eyes round bodies of no very considerable size, become enlarged in his imagination into vast globes,—the one approaching in magnitude to the earth itself, the other immensely surpassing it. The planets, which appear only as stars somewhat brighter than the rest, are to him spacious, elaborate, and habitable worlds; several of them much greater and far more curiously furnished than the earth he inhabits, as there are also others less so; and the stars themselves, properly so called, which to ordinary apprehension present only lucid specks or brilliant atoms, are to him suns of various and transcendant glory—effulgent centres of life and light to myriads of unseen worlds. So that when after dilating his thoughts to comprehend the grandeur of those ideas his calculations have called up, and exhausting his imagination and the powers of his language to devise similes and metaphors illustrative of the immensity of the scale on which his universe is constructed, he shrinks back to his native sphere; he finds it, in comparison, a mere point; so lost—even in the minute system to which it belongs—as to be invisible and unsuspected from some of its principal and remoter members.—*Sir John F. W. Herschel.*

All My Eye.—A very curious cause has just come before the Juge de Paix of Nueilly. Some time ago Madame Playette, a widow lady of fifty, but who still attaches much importance to personal appearance, had the misfortune, in playing with a lap-dog, to receive from it so severe a wound in one of her eyes, that it came out of the socket. Having heard much of artificial eyes, and being recommended to apply to an expert manufacturer in his way, named Tamisier, she gave him an order for a glass eye, for which M. Tamisier charged her one hundred francs. Refusing to pay this charge, the manufacturer summoned her before the Juge de Paix. Madame Playette appeared, holding the glass eye in her hand, the Juge de Paix asked her why she had refused to pay the bill which M. Tamisier had sent in? "For a very good reason," replied the defendant, "I can see no more with it than I could before." "What!" said the Juge de Paix, "did you really imagine you would be able to see with a glass eye?" "Did I think so?" retorted the angry dame. "Certainly I did. Will you be so good as to tell me what eyes are for, and until M. Tamisier makes me one with which I can see, I will not pay him a sou. I wear a wig, which is quite as useful as natural hair. I have three false teeth, which answer as well as those which I have lost, and why should I pay for an eye which is of no use?" The Juge de Paix endeavoured to convince Madame Playette that glass eyes were for others to look at, and not for the wearer to look from them; but finding all appeals to her reason of no avail, he condemned her to pay the plaintiff the amount of his demand.—When the defendant heard the decision, she became furious with anger, and, after dashing her glass eye on the floor, she rushed out of court amid the laughter of the crowd.—*French Paper.*

"Well, John, I'm going East; what shall I tell your folks?" "Oh, nothing, only if they say anything about whiskers, just tell 'em I've got some."

BIRTHS.

On Tuesday, the 18th instant, at her residence, Macquarie-street South, Mrs. Stephen Owen, of a daughter.

On Monday, the 17th instant, at Newtown, Mrs. J. C. White, of a son.

MARRIED,

On Wednesday, September 19, by the Rev. John M'Garvie, Mr. A. Wallace, to Miss Jane Isabella Turnbull, second daughter of the late Ralph Turnbull, of Portland Head, Windsor.

DIED.

At Eskbank, Musselburgh, Scotland, on 14th April, 1849, John Home, Esq., formerly Paymaster of the 42nd Regiment, aged 76.

On the 18th instant, at Eveleigh House, Richard Thomas Hutchinson, Esq., aged 32 years.

On the 19th instant, at her residence, Eveleigh House, Mary, the wife of John Rose Holden, Esq., aged 40 years.

At his residence, Cumberland-street, on the 19th instant Mr. Edward H. Speight, aged thirty-two years, after a short and severe illness.

FUNERAL.

THE Friends of Mr. Edward H. Speight, Compositor, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, which will move from his late residence, Cumberland-street, near Essex-street, To-morrow, (Friday) at half-past eight A.M.

HENRY THOMAS, Undertaker.

4897

VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

THE Estate of Mundoonan, containing nearly 6000 acres, at Yass Plains.
960 acres on the Fish River, near Gunning
Two Suburban Allotments at Goulburn, 20 acres each
400 acres at Bringelly, county of Cumberland
70 acres within one mile of Parramatta.
For particulars apply to
Mr. KITSON,
Attorney, &c., Goulburn.
Gouburn, August 31. 3865

TALLOW.

TALLOW of all descriptions bought by the undersigned, at the highest market price.
Payment—*Cash on delivery.*
WM. B. ALLEN,
2794 Sussex-street.

LAND IN BRIDGE-STREET ON BUILDING LEASE.
Terms moderate. Apply at the Bank of New South Wales. 4136

THE HIGHEST PRICE GIVEN FOR OLD PEWTER.

THE undersigned will give one shilling and sixpence per pound (or more if good) for any quantity of the above article.
J. DONOVAN,
Ironmonger, 331, George-street.
September 19. 4880

NEW SOUTH WALES.
REGISTRY OF THE SUPREME COURT.

A CERTIFICATE of Naturalization having been issued by his Excellency the Governor to Peter Paulus, a Native of Herborn, Duchy of Birkenfeld, Grand Duchy of Oldenberg, under the Act 11 Vict., No. 39, dated the 25th day of August last, the oath prescribed by the said Act, was on this day duly taken and subscribed by the said Peter Paulus, before the Honorable the Chief Justice, who has granted to him a certificate thereof.
Dated this seventeenth day of September A.D. 1849.
G. P. F. GREGORY,
Registrar Supreme Court,
4780 New South Wales.

NEW SOUTH WALES.
REGISTRY OF THE SUPREME COURT.

A CERTIFICATE of Naturalization having been issued by His Excellency the Governor to Aloeseus Hoch, a native of Baden, in the Kingdom of Bavaria, under the Act 11 Vict. No. 39, dated the twenty-fifth day of August last, the oath prescribed by the said Act was on this day duly taken and subscribed by the said Aloeseus Hoch, before the Honorable the Chief Justice, who granted to him a certificate thereof.
Dated the Seventeenth day of September, A.D. 1849.
G. P. F. GREGORY,
Prothonotary and Registrar,
4779 Supreme Court, New South Wales.

BARQUE PROMISE.

ALL accounts against the above vessel must be sent in duplicate to the office of the undersigned by twelve o'clock this day.
R. M. ROBEY,
427, George-street.
September 20. 4884

NOTICE.

L. E. THRELKELD, Junior, being about to leave the colony, requests that any claims against him may be immediately presented for liquidation, and that parties indebted to him will be pleased to pay in their accounts to Mr. J. S. Hanson, whose receipt shall be a sufficient discharge.
September 17. 4761

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any claims upon the undersigned, who is about leaving the colony, are requested to send the same, under cover, to be left at Entwisle's Hotel, before Saturday next.
Parties indebted to the same will oblige by coming to an immediate settlement.
4895 J. F. DOWNES.

NOTICE.—The undersigned, who is about leaving the colony for England, per Diana, hereby requires all claims to be sent in for settlement on or before Thursday, 20th instant, at his temporary Office, City Mart, George-street.
Debts due to the undersigned will, after that period, be handed to his Solicitor for recovery.
4832 B. S. LLOYD.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any claims against the undersigned are requested to forward the same without delay under cover to his present residence at Camperdown, near the Sydney Toll Bar. All persons indebted to him are requested to settle their accounts without further notice, otherwise they will be sued for in the usual manner.
WILLIAM WEST.
Camperdown, September 18. 4766

TO PLASTERERS.

TENDERS are invited for the plasterer's work of a dwelling-house and offices, situate at Woolloomooloo. Plans and specification to be seen at the office of James Hume, of King-street, architect, to whom tenders are to be sent on or before Saturday, at noon, the 22nd instant.
113, King-street, September 17. 4715

BUSINESS WANTED.—Any party having a really good business to dispose of, may hear of a person willing to purchase, if the terms, &c., will suit. A letter addressed, with full particulars, to B. C., *Herald* Office, will meet with attention. 4868

WANTED, horse or bullock drays, for Mudgee, to load up and down. Apply to Samuel Hebblewhite, Reiby Cottage, near Post Office. 4868

WANTED, a steady woman, as good plain Cook; also, an active willing girl as Housemaid. Apply to
MRS. ARTHUR SAVAGE,
4886 2, Cumberland-place.

WANTED, a respectable young woman, as house servant; she must be able to wash well, and do plain cooking. Good references will be required, and liberal wages will be given to a competent person. Apply to Mrs. Gordon, Bridge-street, Sydney. 2919

WANTED, a Coachman. Apply to Mr. Cooper, No. 5, Park-street. 2885

WANTED, a man as general house-servant, and to do plain cooking. A character will be required as to competency and sobriety. Apply to Mr. M. Hooper, King's Head Inn, Lower George street. 4926

WANTED, a Laundress, who understands her business. Apply to Mrs. W. M. Scott, Lower Fort-street. 4783

WANTED, for the country, a middle aged married couple without incumbrance; the man to cook and wait at table, the woman as housemaid and laundress, filling up her leisure time at the needle, both to make themselves otherwise useful about the house. References will be required, and none need apply that are not competent. Apply at the Office of A. B. Spark, King-street, Commercial Wharf. 4786

WANTED, a Gardener. Apply to MR. THOMAS BARKER,
4713 Darlinghurst.

WANTED, a Messenger Boy. Enquire at Australian Club House. 4721

A YOUNG man, of the highest respectability, is anxious to obtain a situation, either in a counting-house or surveyor's office, having had experience in both. A letter addressed to J. C., *Herald* Office, will meet with immediate attention. 4862

FOUND, yesterday afternoon, in George-street, a Cheque upon the Bank of Australasia, drawn by Montefiore, Grahame and Co., in favour of No. 102, or bearer. The owner can have it by describing it, and paying expenses, on application to Mr. Bryers, General Store, corner of King and Clarence streets. 4932

FOUND, on Friday, the 14th instant, a BROOCH; the owner may have the same on giving a description, and paying expenses of this advertisement. Apply 113, Castlereagh-street South. 4882

HOUSE TO LET.
IN BRISBANE-STREET, SOUTH HEAD ROAD.

AT present occupied by Mrs. Macdermott. Rent £40 per annum. Possession can be had after the 18th October next. Apply to
MR. SAMUEL LYONS,
4887 George-street and Charlotte-place.

BUSINESS PREMISES, GEORGE-STREET.

TO BE LET, with immediate possession, those desirable premises in George-street, known as Verandah House, consisting of an excellent roomy shop, with capital store, and apartments above suitable for offices, &c. To any person wishing to enter the Retail Business, the situation offers great advantages, being in the heart of George-street. Apply to Mr. Belisario, Elizabeth-street, opposite the Court House. 4930

TO LET, an Office, on the second floor of the House, 308, Pitt-street. Apply to
4732 THURLOW AND GRANT.

FIRST-RATE BUSINESS AND PREMISES TO BE LET.

THE undersigned being about to proceed to California by the brig William Hill, is desirous to let for a term of years to a respectable tenant the house and buildings now occupied by him, with the established and lucrative business attached.

The premises are roomy and commodious, with *every convenience* for the Butchering Business, which it is at present extensively employed in, and would be, from its *first-rate situation*, suitable for many other purposes where extensive premises are required—and a certain independence to a steady and industrious person. Application from 9 till 12 any day will be attended to, and every information given to inquiries.

RICHARD HILL,
3480 211, Pitt-street.

EDWARDS'S COFFEE-HOUSE, KING-STREET,

TO LET, WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

THE undersigned being about to leave Sydney for some time, hereby requests all parties having any claims against him to forward them to his residence for immediate payment.

JAMES EDWARDS.
Sydney, September 14. 4600

FIRST-RATE OPPORTUNITY.

TO LET, that old established hay and corn business, in George-street, Brickfield-hill; rent moderate; stock-in-trade, fixtures, &c., to be taken at a valuation. Immediate possession can be given. Apply to L. Coleman, 218, George-street, Brickfield-hill.
September 17. 4745

TO LET, in George-street, opposite Church-hill, a House, with shop, parlour, and four rooms, kitchen and cellar, with workshop and bakehouse in Queen's-place. Apply to

W. WALLIS,
Builder,
4748 Elizabeth-street North.

TO LET, a Shop and good Dwelling House, just undergoing extensive repairs. The premises form the corner of Kent and Windmill streets, and were for many years occupied as the Napoleon Inn. To any person wishing to establish a good retail business in connexion with the shipping interest, the situation offers great advantages. Apply on the spot, or at the *Herald* Office. 3051

TO LET, a comfortable family House, containing eight lofty rooms, and servants' offices, commands a fine view of Port Jackson, &c, is in excellent order, and the internal walls painted, and replete with every domestic convenience; with or without stabling and coachhouse. Apply on the premises, Myles's Buildings, Cumberland-street North. 4744

TO BE LET, the House and Grounds of Craignathen, on the North Shore, formerly the residence of Mr. J. P. Robinson, M.C.

The house contains twelve rooms, with extensive cellarage, &c., a well stocked garden is attached, and there is a stream of fresh water on the property. Apply to R. Gill and Co., 4, King-street. 4800

SOUTH HEAD HOTEL.

THE business of this Hotel is now to be let: it has undergone extensive repairs, being painted throughout in oil. The present occupier offers this as an eligible opportunity for a respectable person possessing a small capital, with a certainty of an ample remuneration for outlay and attention. Apply to W. Wallis, Esq., Elizabeth-street North; or to Mrs. Chambers, Currier's Arms, Pitt-street South. 4708

SALES BY AUCTION.

TO DRAPERS, STOREKEEPERS,

DEALERS, AND SHIPPERS TO NEW ZEALAND AND CALIFORNIA.

MR. JOHN RICKARDS
Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
THIS DAY, SEPTEMBER 20,
At 11 o'clock,

A SUPERIOR assortment of seasonable GOODS, in—
36-inch Horrocks' longcloths
36-inch shirtings
36-inch grey domestics
7-8 Scotch twill shirtings
White and coloured rolled jaconet linings
5-8 and 3-4 white and striped satteen jeans
3-4 stout cotton ticks
7-8 fancy prints and muslins
5-4 lilac and fancy prints
9-8 fancy striped shirtings
Brown silk and satin parasols
Fancy ditto ditto
Brown silk umbrellas
Women's white and black cotton hose
Children's coloured socks
An assortment of light cashmere shawls
Summer shawls and handkerchiefs
Drab and millers' drab moleskins
8-4, 8-10, and 12-10 damask tablecloths
8-4 and 10-4 linen damasks
Black sewing silk, fringes, and gimps, trimmings
Children's frock bodies, cambric caps
Muslin collars and habit shirts
Drab and millers' drab moleskin trousers—double and single stitched and taped
Heavy Scotch twill shirts
Boys' blue cloth caps, &c., &c.
Terms at sale. 4823

PATENT HEMP, AND SEWING TWINE.

ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MR. JOHN RICKARDS will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
THIS DAY,
At eleven o'clock,
37 packages patent hemp, Nos 1 and 2
61 ditto ditto ditto D and D 2
81 lbs. sail twine.
Terms at sale. 4982

ARMSTRONG'S WEEKLY SALE OF HORSES,

ON FRIDAY NEXT,
At 12 o'clock,
WILL BE SOLD,

THE splendid stallion Rhoderick Dhu, (bred by the late Mr. Peter M'Intyre,) by Crawford, out of a nearly thoroughbred mare by Old Hector. Crawford, imported by Mr. M'Intyre, by Warrior, out of Miss Charlton; grand-dam by His Majesty's bay Arabian, out of Mary by Precipitate.
To be seen at the Repository. 4973

HORSES, CART, PHAETON.

MR. STEWART will sell by auction, at his stables, in York-street,
ON SATURDAY,
MARTIN, a superior saddle horse, by the Colonel; two harness horses; one dray-horse, with cart and harness; two stock horses; one Welsh pony, by Taafe; one gig, cart, cab phaeton, London stage coach, saddles, bridles, gig, and carriage harness. 4990

TO JEWELLERS, WATCHMAKERS, &c.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street,
THIS DAY, SEPTEMBER 20,
At 11 o'clock,
Silver watches, eight-day clocks
Silver and tortoiseshell pebble spectacles
Watch glasses, watch keys, silver guards
Silver and silver gilt thimbles
American clocks, brass works
Terms at sale. 4903

TO IRONMONGERS, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street,
THIS DAY, SEPTEMBER 20,
At eleven o'clock,
10 dozen No. 6 sheepshears
5 ditto No. 6 patent ditto
10 ditto No. 9 ditto
10 ditto patent ditto
30 ditto Wilkinson's ditto
1 bale shoe thread
1 case pictures,
Terms at sale. 4729

CONTINUATION OF THE
EXTENSIVE SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES—45 TRUNKS.

FROM THE BEST MAKERS, JAMES DAVIES AND SON, LONDON.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by public auction, at his Commercial Sale Rooms, 481, George-street,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20,
At eleven o'clock precisely,
45 TRUNKS BOOTS and SHOES, consisting of—
Ladies' best lasting boots, patent fronts
Ditto cashmere ditto, channels
Ditto drab ditto
Girls' lasting ditto, No. 10 to 13
Ditto cashmere ditto
Children's lasting ditto, No. 2 to 9
Ladies' lasting shoes (all qualities)
Ditto best patent calf (elastic sandals)
Ditto enamel seal ditto
Ditto bronze kid shoes ditto
Ditto black ditto
Ditto patent leather ditto
Ditto Spanish ditto
Ditto French clogs ditto
Ditto carpet slippers ditto
Men's stout calf Wellington boots
Ditto chamois dress ditto, patent fronts
Ditto Clarence boots
Ditto strong kip cossack boots and ties
Ditto ditto Oxonian shoes and ties
Ditto half-dress shoes and ties
Ditto calf walking pumps and ties
Ditto carpet slippers
Ditto enamel basil slippers
Ditto coloured roan ditto
Ditto patent clogs
Women's stout calf lacing boots
Men's enamel sealskin Oxonian shoes
Ditto Cambrian ditto
Girls' enamel seal shoes and straps, Nos. 10 to 13
Children's ditto, No. 2 to 9.
Ditto basil and coloured roan ditto.
Terms at sale. 4925

DEALS AND SLATES.

EX VICTORIA, CAPTAIN CARPHIN.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THOSE CONCERNED.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
BY MR. STUBBS.
At the Circular Wharf, opposite the Custom House,
ON FRIDAY NEXT, SEPTEMBER 21,
At 11 o'clock precisely.
18,000 VISCOUNTESS SLATES, 18 x 9
2,088 Feet St. Petersburgh Deals.
Contractors and builders will find the above worthy of their notice.
Terms at sale. 4791

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

GREAT CHANCE FOR MONEYED MEN.

☞ SYDNEY CITY PROPERTY, BY AUCTION.

MR. STUBBS is instructed to inform moneyed men in the city, and retired capitalists at Parramatta, Windsor, Campbelltown, Goulburn, Bathurst, Newcastle, and Maitland, &c., that he will sell by public auction,

(BY ORDER OF THE PROPRIETOR, MR. GEORGE WYER,)
On the Premises,
ON MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 24,
At 12 o'clock precisely,
The whole of that gentleman's very
VALUABLE SYDNEY CITY PROPERTY,
situate in Castlereagh and Elizabeth streets, producing £439 8s. per annum, full particulars of which, together with the terms, will appear in a future advertisement. 421

IRONMONGERY, CRUETS, PAPIER MACHE TRAYS, STATIONERY, &c.

TO CLOSE ACCOUNTS.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
ON FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21,
At 11 o'clock,
Iron wheat and brass flour sieves, curry combs, Kent hammers, padlocks, dead locks, mortice locks and chisels, japanned tobacco boxes, shoe brushes, scissors, brewers' and pocket thermometers, papier mache cruets, trays, and bread baskets.
Also,
Note paper, envelopes, sealing wax, pencils, ink powders, metallic books, Mavor, Vyse, and Fanning's spellings, primers, cyphering books; thin blue wove letter paper, &c.
Terms at sale. 4933

SUNDRIES.

ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on
FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21,
At eleven o'clock,
One second-hand gold chronometer watch, by Viner
One ditto ditto ditto repeating ditto, Tobias
Four ditto gold watches, various
Eight second-hand silver ditto
Sundry ditto jewellery
Children's silver knife, fork, and spoon, in cases
One superior sextant, and quadrant
Key bugle and cornopean
Set surgical instruments in case
Gilt and mourning trinkets, and various other sundries
Terms—Cash. 4934

TRAY AND BOX TOILET GLASSES.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on
FRIDAY NEXT, SEPTEMBER 21,
At eleven o'clock,
Three cases British plate, and Crown glass tray, and box toilet glasses, assorted, from 8 x 7 to 16 x 12.
Terms at sale. 4935

SILVER HORIZONTAL AND VERGE WATCHES,
PLATED WARE, &c.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
ON FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21,
At eleven o'clock,
Twenty-four superior silver horizontal watches, enamelled and silver dials
Five silver verge watches
Twenty pair superior plated candlesticks
Teakettle, in stand; bread baskets, teapots, &c.
Terms at sale. 4936

PIMENTO, JAMS, SAUCES, FRUITS.

TO GROCERS AND OTHERS.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Will sell by auction, at the City Mart,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY,
At eleven o'clock,
11 BAGS PIMENTO
4 cases, each 2 dozen 2 lb. jams
12 cases assorted half pint sauces
7 cases bottled fruits.
Terms at sale. 4827

PATNA RICE, JAVA RICE, MANILA COFFEE.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Will sell by auction, at the City Mart,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY,
At eleven o'clock,
20 BAGS FINE PATNA RICE
50 Bags Java Rice
65 Bags Coffee
Terms at sale. 4740

TO DEALERS AND OTHERS.

MR. H. A. GRAVES will sell by auction,
THIS MORNING,
At 11 o'clock,
On the premises, No 141, Elizabeth-street, between Park and Market streets,
Without reserve,
A quantity of Household Furniture, Crockeryware, Glass, Pictures, Kitchen Utensils, and other sundries.
Terms, cash. 4907

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20.

BYASS' BOTTLED ALE, CARRIAGE VARNISH, RICE, SADDLERY, COPPER COOLER, WOOL, CONFECTIONARY, DAGUERREOTYPE PLATES, OIL PAINTINGS, &c.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart,
THIS DAY, SEPTEMBER 20,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
80 Casks Byass' bottled ale, 3 dozen each
264 Bags rice
12 Tins best carriage varnish
1 Copper cooler
Stuffed and plain flap saddles
Bales of wool,
12 Cases mixed confections
5 Tins refined juice
3 Tins crystallised pine apples
246 Daguerreotype plates
66 Oil paintings (landscapes and others)
Terms at sale. 4879

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20.

PRIME CHAMPAGNE.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS,
Will sell by auction, at his Mart,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20,
At 11 o'clock, precisely,
80 CASES, one dozen each, very superior Champagne.
Terms at sale. 4883

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25.

WHALING GEAR OF THE BARQUE FAME.

TO WHALERS, SHIPOWNERS, COOPERS, BLACKSMITHS, COPPERSMITHS, AND PARTIES CONNECTED WITH BOILING DOWN ESTABLISHMENTS.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at Duke's Wharf, Darling Harbour,
ON TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
In consequence of the barque Fame being about to proceed to California, the whole of her whaling gear, &c., will be disposed of, consisting of—
About 80 tuns casks, coopered, and ready for immediate use
A quantity of shooks
Staves, old casks, beef tierces
Harpoons, Lances, Whale spades } By Mortimer, Sower, Tanner, Ayers, Thomas, Talbot, and other first-rate makers.
2 try-pots, 2 spare ditto, 3 copper coolers, Copper skimmers, Ladles } Suitable for boiling down purposes.
Gaffs, pews
Spare chains, Fluke chains } Suitable for small craft
A quantity of spare blocks, heaving down and cutting-in blocks and falls
Europe rope
Europe and Manila whale lines
A quantity of junk, half worn rope, and coir rope
Swivel guns (bored out of the solid, and lathe turned.) Long traverse gun, with carriage and fittings. These guns were made by Bailey and Peg.
A quantity of coopers' tools
And an immense quantity of other articles too numerous to mention,
Catalogues will be ready previous to the sale.
Terms at sale. 4878

MONDAY, OCTOBER 1.

VALUABLE PROPERTY.

CONSISTING OF

SIX HOUSES IN WEST MAITLAND,

OCCUPIED BY MR. NICHOLSON, AND OTHERS,

AND

ABOUT 320 ACRES OF LAND AT BRANXTON, ANVIL CREEK, WITH THE "CROWN INN," OCCUPIED BY MR. WILLIAMS, AND OTHER IMPROVEMENTS THEREON.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, BY
MR. SAMUEL LYONS.
At his Mart, on
MONDAY, OCTOBER 1,
At 12 o'clock precisely,
(UNLESS PREVIOUSLY DISPOSED OF BY PRIVATE CONTRACT:)

*** 1st.

THE SIX HOUSES IN WEST MAITLAND, have a frontage to the HIGH STREET of 240 feet, by a depth of 230 feet, more or less, in the very centre of the town, near the Great Paterson Road, by M'Dougall's Point, having at the back the PUBLIC RACE COURSE, &c.

The one occupied by Mr. Nicholson contains twelve rooms on the ground floor, with suitable conveniences as passage, &c., and has very extensive yard and garden, with laundry, servants' house, coach house and stabling, besides a well of water. The other FIVE HOUSES are EXCELLENT SHOPS and DWELLING HOUSES, altogether forming an

ENTIRE GOOD ESTATE,
producing a rental exceeding
£180 PER ANNUM.

☞ *It may be noticed that they have always been let to good tenants, at fair rentals, even in the worst of times.* Everything is conducive to the prosperity of this part of Maitland—situate midway in the town for all its trade, it receives all the travellers and customers both going or returning, whether it be to Sydney, Newcastle, the Green Hills, or the adjacent country by the road to Patrick's Plains.

2nd.

320 ACRES OF LAND AT BRANXTON, ANVIL CREEK, on a portion of which the CROWN INN, occupied by Mr. Williams at a rental of £40 per annum, is erected, BESIDES OTHER DWELLINGS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

The greater part of this land has been laid out as a Township, and a good field for speculation is open to the purchaser by disposing of it in allotments, as designed on the plan, by which means he cannot fail of realizing a very handsome return for his outlay.

Terms of Payment: 25 per cent. cash deposit; the residue by approved bills at three and six months, dated from day of sale, and bearing 8 per cent. interest.

☞ Plans on view at the Mart.
TITLE PERFECT. 4636

BOTTLED FRUIT.

EX LADY CLARK, CAPTAIN M'LEAN, FROM LONDON.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY,
At 11 o'clock,
FOR THE BENEFIT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
BR ¦ 534-545—TWELVE CASES, each three dozen, BOTTLED FRUIT.
Terms—cash. 4742

HOBART TOWN JAMS.

NOW LANDING, EX LADY HOWDEN.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Will sell by auction, at the City Mart,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY,
At eleven o'clock,
3 CASES Hobart Town Jams, consisting of—
Raspberry
Red gooseberry
Black currant
Red currant
Cherry
These jams are of the finest description, and put up in jars to suit families and the trade.
Terms, cash. 4741

ELEME RAISINS.

JUST LANDED.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Has been instructed to sell at the City Mart,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY,
At 11 o'clock,
19 BOXES ELEME RAISINS.
Terms at sale. 4901

CAMDENVILLE.

THAT BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE ON the NEWTON ROAD, with extensive Outbuildings, Spacious Gardens, and Pleasure Grounds, formerly the *Seat of Robert Bourne, Esquire*

☞ Several applications having been made for the disposal of this property by private contract, the proprietor has come to the determination of submitting it for unreserved sale by public competition, thereby affording to intending purchasers the most favourable means of obtaining it;—and in calling public attention to the sale, the Auctioneer would beg particularly to impress upon their notice the important fact of *how rare a thing it is* that property of this description is ever brought to the hammer, such an opportunity as this is therefore of peculiar importance.

HOUSES IN CUMBERLAND-STREET NORTH.
TWO COTTAGES IN GLOUCESTER-STREET NORTH.
THREE BUILDING ALLOTMENTS, PADDINGTON,
THREE HUNDRED ACRE FARM, AT BLACK CREEK.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
HAS been favoured with instructions to submit the above-named valuable properties for unreserved sale by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street,
ON WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26,
At 12 o'clock precisely.

In submitting these properties to the notice of the public, the auctioneer considers that no comment or recommendation is needed at his hands. For where they are so well known, and so easy of examination, as in this instance, no course can be so satisfactory as a personal inspection, which is now therefore earnestly solicited from every one disposed to purchase. An explanatory description of each property is therefore alone subjoined.

The beautiful villa residence of Camdenville is situated on the western side of the New Town Road, about a mile beyond the Toll Bar, in the immediate vicinity of the seats of W. Fanning, Esq., R. M. Robey, Esq., J. F. Josephson, Esq., J. Wilford, Esq., Felix Wilson, Esq., Mrs. Reibey, and many other influential persons. The house is a handsome specimen of the modern style of villa architecture, no expense was spared in the erection to render it equally elegant as commodious, which, with the beauty of the site on which it stands, renders it without exception, one of the prettiest places in the neighbourhood of Sydney. The building is surrounded on three sides by a wide verandah, and contains on the grond floor—spacious entrance hall, dining room 18 x 20, parlour 16 x 18, breakfast room, bed room, store room, butler's pantry First Floor—spacious vestibule, drawing room 20 x 22, library, and three large bed rooms; on the basement, kitchens, wash-house, and three cellars. The outbuildings comprise — stables, coach-house, gardener's house, with four rooms, &c.

The grounds in front are tastefully laid out as lawn and flower garden, and at the rear are large kitchen garden, vineyard, and paddock. The land comprises about eleven acres, the half of which only being occupied by the house and grounds, affords to any purchaser so inclined, an opportunity of selling the spare land in allotments, which being so much in demand out there, would undoubtedly go far towards paying off the entire purchase money, its position giving it a most unusual extent of frontage.

THE PROPERTY IN CUMBERLAND AND GLOUCESTER STREETS is described in deeds as—"All that parcel of land, containing 13 perches, parish of St. Philip; allotment No. 1 of section 87, bounded on the west by Cumberland-street 70 links, on the south by lot No. 11, 127 links, on the east by Gloucester-street 70 links, and on the north by allotment nine, 137 links."

Upon the frontage to Cumberland-street is erected a very good brick house, of four rooms, now let at nine shillings per week; adjoining which is a sufficient space for the erection of one or two more houses, at present used as a yard and garden.

Upon the frontage to Gloucester-street are erected two small cottages, let at 6s. per week each.

The situation of this property is extremely good, being close to Cumberland-place. The houses are always tenanted; and at a very small expense the rent roll would be capable of much improvement.

THE ALLOTMENTS AT PADDINGTON are beautifully situated, at the corner of the Point Piper and South Head Roads, and command some of the finest views in that delightful neighbourhood. As a site for a private residence the position is admirable.

THE FARM consists of 360 acres of rich land, on the banks of Black Creek, Hunter River, adjoining the estates of Messrs. Coulson and Duguid, and was selected many years since by a resident as one of the choicest spots in that district; it can therefore be strongly recommended to any one in want of property of that description.

The titles to all the properties are first-rate, and every information relative to them can be obtained from the auctioneer.
Terms—Liberal. 4519

VALUABLE OIL PAINTINGS.

INVOICE FANCY STATIONERY.

NOW LANDING, EX GANGES.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
WILL sell by auction, at the City Mart,
ON AN EARLY DAY, AS SOON AS LANDED,
A valuable Collection of Oil Paintings, by some of the best ancient and modern masters.

An Invoice of new and elegant Fancy Stationery.

Further particulars will be announced in a few days. 4670

SILVER PLATE.
MR. W. G. MOORE

WILL sell this morning, at the Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street,
At eleven o'clock,
The following lots of SILVER PLATE:—
Lot No. 1.—12 Teaspoons
2 Salt ditto
2 Table ditto
1 Pair sugar tongs
8 Small teaspoons
Lot No. 2.—6 Silver forks
Lot No. 3.—6 Table spoons
1 Cup
1 fork and 1 salt spoon
1 Morocco case, with knife, fork, and spoon
Lot No. 4.—Silver cruet stand
Lot No. 5.—Large silver cup
Lot No. 6.—6 Silver spoons
Lot No. 7.—1 Silver spoon, 4 gold seals
Also,
Several silver watches, rings, and sundry articles of jewellery.
Terms, cash. 4910

IN THE INSOLVENT ESTATE OF ANDREW KORN.

By Order of the Official Assignee.

HORSE, CART, AND BAKING UTENSILS.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, on the premises opposite Cooper's Distillery,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20,
At ten o'clock.
HORSE, CART, AND BAKING UTENSILS.
Terms—Cash. 4777

THURSDAY'S PRODUCE SALE.

WOOL, TALLOW, SHEEPSKINS, HIDES, NEATS' FOOT OIL, HORSE HAIR.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Stores,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20,
At 11 o'clock,
35 BALES WOOL
88 Casks Tallow, "Clark Irving"
22 Ditto ditto, "R. J. Smith"
5 Tons ditto, in hides
3725 Sheepskins
94 Hides
1 Cask neats' foot oil
1 Bale horse hair.
Terms—Cash. 4911

£230

STOCK IN THE BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20,
At 12 o'clock,
£230 STOCK in this flourishing Establishment.
Terms—Cash. 4921

FREEHOLD PROPERTY IN PHILLIP-STREET,

NAMELY,
THE "LEMON TREE" TAVERN,
AND
ADJACENT COTTAGE AND LAND.

MR. MORT
Has received instructions from Mr. PIKE, who is proceeding to San Francisco, to sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21,
At 11 o'clock,

VALUABLE FREEHOLD IN PHILLIP-STREET,
YIELDING A RENTAL OF
£113 PER ANNUM,
namely—

THE LEMON-TREE INN, a substantially-built building of brick, containing seven rooms, now in full trade, and let at the easy rental of £1 12s. 6d. per week, together with the STORES IN THE REAR, recently erected, the lower portion of which is used as a spirit store, and the upper story as a dwelling; the whole is so constructed that it may be converted into a good dwelling-house at a small expense.

ALSO,
THE WEATHERBOARD COTTAGE AND LAND ADJOINING.
The Cottage contains 4 rooms, and is rented at *eleven shillings per week.*

The frontage of the whole property to Phillip-street is 74 feet, and the depth is about 130 feet.

☞ In calling the attention of parties desirous of a first-rate and *improving* city property to this sale, Mr. Mort begs to point out that by removing the weatherboard cottage there will be ample frontage for the erection of
TWO GOOD HOUSES,
so that a very handsome rate of interest would accrue from the investment.
Terms at sale. 4846

BOLERO,
ON THE
MURRUMBIDGEE.

THIS
MAGNIFICENT SHEEP PROPERTY
WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION BY
MR. MORT
At his Rooms, George-street, Sydney,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21,
At 11 o'clock,
POSITIVELY WITHOUT RESERVE.

☞ *This squattage is well known as one of the best in the Southern Districts, and as Mr. Mort's instructions are to sell it* WITHOUT RESERVE, *it is particularly worthy of attention, for it is seldom that such first-rate stations (and lightly stocked) are brought into the market.*

THE SHEEP, which combine fine wool with a good carcase, consist of the following, and are
WARRANTED SOUND, AND NEVER TO HAVE BEEN DISEASED:—
Ewes—626 One year old
729 Two ditto
421 Three ditto
1112 Full mouthed, &c.
Wethers—605 One year old
587 Two year old
Weaned lambs—735 Male
775 Female
5590 Total.

THE STATION OF BOLERO,
In the district of Maneroo, is situate about thirty miles from the police township of
COOMA,
and is *abundantly watered by the river Murrumbidgee,* by which it is bounded.

THE IMPROVEMENTS
consist of every requisite for a well-managed sheep establishment, and include
AN EXCELLENT COTTAGE,
with all suitable outbuildings, &c.

THE STATION WILL CARRY AT LEAST 12,000 SHEEP,
And the Country is unexceptionable!

Bullocks, horses, drays, stores, implements, &c., to be taken at a valuation, an inventory of which may be seen, and all further particulars ascertained, on application to the Auctioneer. 4912

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

AT THE RESIDENCE OF MRS. NEWTON, ELIZABETH STREET SOUTH.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at the residence of Mrs. Newton, Elizabeth-street South,
ON SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 22,
At 11 o'clock,
QUANTITY of excellent HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, comprising—
Sideboard
Excellent chiffonier
Work table, chairs, tables
Beds and bedding, iron bedstead
Chest drawers, tables
Washstands, looking-glasses, &c.
Terms—Cash. 4905

PAIR HANDSOME CARRIAGE HORSES,
SADDLE HORSE,
GIG, WITH TANDEM HARNESS COMPLETE.

MR. MORT
Has received instructions from CAPTAIN INNES, to sell by public auction, at his Stores,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20,
At twelve o'clock,
PAIR of first-rate handsome CARRIAGE HORSES, broken to double and single harness and to saddle.
Also,
CHESTNUT SADDLE HORSE, out of a Satellite mare.
Also,
A REALLY SUPERIOR GIG, *in condition equal to new, with tandem harness complete.*
Terms—Cash. 4922

IN THE ESTATE OF THE LATE THOMAS KERR, ESQ., OF MUSWELLBROOK.

By Order of the Mortgagee.

EXTENSIVE AND SUBSTANTIAL STORES.
IN
MUSWELLBROOK,
AT PRESENT OCCUPIED BY MR. ROBERT BEAMES.

MR. MORT
Has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21,
At eleven o'clock,

ALL THE RIGHT, TITLE, AND INTEREST OF THE MORTGAGEE

Of and in ALL that parcel of land containing by admeasurement *Two Roods* and situated in the Town of Muswellbrook parish of Rowan county of Durham in the colony aforesaid allotment No. 10 of section No. 6 bounded on the east by one chain of the west side of Bridge-street bearing south on the south by the north boundary line of allotment No. 9 bearing west five chains on the west by the east boundary line of allotment No. 11 bearing North one chain to Hill-street and on the north by five chains of the south side of Hill-street bearing east to Bridge-street.

THE BUILDINGS
on the above described allotment of land are
DECIDEDLY THE BEST IN THE NORTHERN DISTRICTS,
and, indeed, not inferior in point of extent or convenience, to the first-rate business premises of the metropolis.

They are now in the occupation of
MR. ROBERT BEAMES,
who has been paying for them the rental of
£130 PER ANNUM.
They consist of
A LARGE STORE,
AND
EXCELLENT DWELLING-HOUSE,
substantially-built of brick and stone, with extensive *out-offices, stabling, &c.*

THE CENTRAL POSITION OF MUSWELLBROOK, which is situate on the high road to the extensive settlements in the north, renders it a most desirable locality for a superior store, such as this, and which fact is sufficiently proven by the large and lucrative business carried on by the present occupant.

Further particulars as to title, &c., may be ascertained on application to the auctioneer.
Terms at sale. 4913

BY ORDER OF THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE LATE WILLIAM BONIFANT.

ELEVEN THOUSAND SHEEP
AND
SIX HUNDRED HEAD OF CATTLE,
TOGETHER WITH,
SPLENDID STATIONS.

OAKY CREEK, in the district of Darling Downs;
AND
GRANTHAM, in the district of Moreton Bay.

MR. MORT
Has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
POSITIVELY WITHOUT RESERVE.
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21,
At 11 o'clock,

THESE FIRST-RATE AND VALUABLE STATIONS,
In the districts of
MORETON BAY AND DARLING DOWNS,
known as
GRANTHAM AND OAKY CREEK.
Lately in the occupation of Messrs. Pitts and Bonifant, together with
11,000 WELL-BRED SHEEP,
AND
600 HEAD OF CATTLE.

The whole of the Implements of Husbandry, Hurdles, improvements, &c., &c., WILL BE GIVEN IN.

☞ In calling the attention of intending purchasers to this sale, Mr. Mort begs to assure them that it will take place on the day appointed,
WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST RESERVE.
Terms at sale. 4914

1000 FINE-WOOLLED EWES,
OF THE CELEBRATED BREED OF MR. COX.

MR. MORT
Will sell the above by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21,
At eleven o'clock,
1000 VERY fine-woolled Ewes, from the above-named celebrated flocks; to lamb in October; four and five years old, strong healthy sheep, and deliverable at Mudgee.

☞ The above are warranted sound, and never to have been diseased, and are sold only to make room for the increase this season.

Terms at sale. 4915

IMPORTANT
TO FAMILIES FURNISHING.

UNRESERVED SALE
OF
USEFUL AND ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF MR. J. THORNTON, CABINET MAKER AND UPHOLSTERER, WHO IS PROCEEDING TO CALIFORNIA.

Also,
THE LEASE AND GOOD WILL OF THE PREMISES.

MR. MORT
HAS received instructions to sell by public auction, on the Premises, Pitt-street, opposite the Willow Tree,
ON MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 24,
At 11 o'clock,
An excellent Assortment of Superior Household Furniture, &c., &c., comprising—
Loo, dining, Pembroke, and other tables
Mahogany telescope dining table
Carved rosewood state bedstead
Cedar four-post and iron bedsteads
Mattrasses and palliasses
Washstands, toilet tables, and toilet glasses
Wardrobes, chests of drawers
Kitchen dresser and tables
Damask covered hair-stuffed sofas
Easy chairs, crimson satin damask covers
Cane-seated and hair-stuffed chairs
Sideboards
Toilet glasses
Cedar cribs, stretchers
Iron swing cots
Bidets, clothes baskets
Tap-room tables, round tea tables, door mats, and a variety of other articles.
Also,
About 500 whips
Quantity of horse hair and upholsterer's materials.
After which,
The lease and good will of the premises, fixtures, &c.
Terms, cash.
NO RESERVE. 4906

WOOL PRESS, SCREENS, BEAM, &c.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Stores,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20,
At 11 o'clock,
WOOLPRESS, complete
Wool screen, four beams, eight sheets.
Terms—Cash. 4904

ATTENTION IS CALLED
TO THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE SHEEP CONCERN,
Which will be sold by public auction, by
MR. MORT,
At his Rooms, George-street,
ON TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25,
At 12 o'clock.

THE FAVOURITE DISTRICT OF WELLINGTON.
1063 Hoggett Ewes and Wethers
523 Wethers and Rams
1811 Ewes in lamb, (nearly all young sheep),
3397 More or less.
WARRANTED SOUND AND NEVER DISEASED, THE WOOL OF MOST EXCELLENT QUALITY, AND THE CARCASS OF GREAT WEIGHT.
Together with
THE STATION OF "DELGA,"
Situate in the Wellington district, and capable of carrying in all seasons at least
EIGHT THOUSAND SHEEP.

The run has a considerable amount of *fattening country,* which enables the proprietor to furnish periodical supplies of fat stock for the Sydney market, and as the whole of the station is abundantly grassed *and as well watered as any in the district,* there can be no question (looking to the small amount of stock with so extensive a run, and remembering also the desirableness of the district and excellence of the sheep) but that this sale affords the moderate capitalist a chance seldom to be met with.

THE SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENTS
which are of recent erection, and of the most durable description, consist of—
Large wool shed (now in course of erection)
Large and newly built store
Three capital huts, yards, &c.
Lambing yards, &c.
THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY WILL BE GIVEN IN:—
A large quantity of Slops, say—shepherds' coats, pilot coats, rugs, blankets, shirts, moleskin trousers, frocks, vests, ticking, woolpacks, twine, &c., &c.
Various Stores—About 3000 lbs. flour, tea, sugar, salt, &c., sufficient until after shearing.
Implements, Tools, &c., consisting of steel mills, saws, saddle and bridles, gun, barrows, shovels, bells, hoes, cooking utensils, scales and weights, steelyards, large boiler, several hundred hurdles, casks, cases, &c., &c.
Three Draught Horses, two of which are excellent saddle horses, with all other implements, stores, &c., &c., upon the station, too numerous to mention.

☞ It may be well to mention that twenty of the Rams cost fifty shillings per head, being a selection from the choice flocks of Mr. Nelson Lawson.
Terms on application. 4916

CITY PROPERTIES.

FREEHOLD AND LEASEHOLD,
AND
ALLOTMENT ON PARRAMATTA ROAD.

MR. MORT
Has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
ON TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25,
CENTRICAL CITY PROPERTIES,
IN
PITT AND KING STREETS.

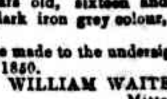
LOT 1.
THE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY IN PITT-STREET. This consists of the excellent and substantial premises adjoining the buildings of Mr. M. flitt; the shops are in the occupation of Messrs. Marks and Nelson, drapers, and Mr. Hamilton, chemist and druggist; the Stores in the rear are let to H. G. Smith, Esq. The total rental amounts to
£375 PER ANNUM.
The rental payable under the lease only £175.

LOT 2.
FREEHOLD PROPERTY IN KING-STREET, consisting of two Shops and Dwelling Houses, near the corner of Castlereagh-street, now in the occupation of Mr. Forsberg, Mr. Wright, and Mr. Cummins.
THE RENTAL IS £135 PER ANNUM.

LOT 3.
Allotment on the Parramatta Road, on the Forest Lodge Estate, at the junction of the new cut with the old line of road. This is well adapted for the erection of a tavern.
Terms at sale. 4917

SALE OF FURNITURE.

MR. LABAN WHITE has received instructions to dispose of by public auction, at the late residence of Andrew Johnston, Esq., deceased, near the Court House, Windsor, on
TUESDAY NEXT, SEPTEMBER 25,
At twelve P.M.,
All the valuable Household Furniture, to consist of the following articles, bedsteads, feather beds, mattresses, bedding, and furniture, handsome bookcase, escritoire with drawers, couch with horse-hair covering and bolsters, bed room, dining, and Pembroke tables, carpeting, pier and looking glasses, clock, sideboard, chests of drawers, cane and rush bottom chairs, fire-irons and fenders, with a great many other useful articles.
Terms—Cash. 4865



TO STAND,

AT Broulee, and travel round the district of Berrima, the Entire Horse
YOUNG SAMSON,
Rising three years old, sixteen and a half hands high, dark iron grey colour, charge £1 each Mare.
Payments to be made to the undersigned on the 1st January, 1850.
WILLIAM WAITE,
4681 Mittagong.

SHIELDS.

TO STAND THIS SEASON, at Terry's Meadows, Illawarra, £1 10s. each Mare, Groomage, 2s. 6d. Good paddocks well watered. 4868

TO STAND, AT BROWNLOW HILL, CAMDEN,
The celebrated Arab CRAB.
Terms, £3 3s., including groomage. 4857

TO STAND this season, at the Sandy Creek, near Wagga Wagga, the well-known favourite thorough-bred race horse
CORNSTALK,
got by the thorough-bred horse Young Tros, out of a pure bred Steeltrap mare. He is now rising four years old, is a rich dapple grey, and possesses great bone and beauty.

He won the two year old Stakes at Yass, in 1848, in a canter; won a private match with Mr. Hunt's celebrated mare Coquette, mile heats, £20 a side, same meeting.

Terms:—£1 10s. each mare; Groomage 2s. 6d. Two or more mares, the property of one individual, a reduction will be made.

Good secure and well-watered paddocks. Every attention will be paid to mares, but no responsibility incurred.

JOHN J. ROBERTS,
Proprietor.
Sandy Creek, August 30.

P.S.—As the number of mares will be limited, early application is necessary. 4340

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